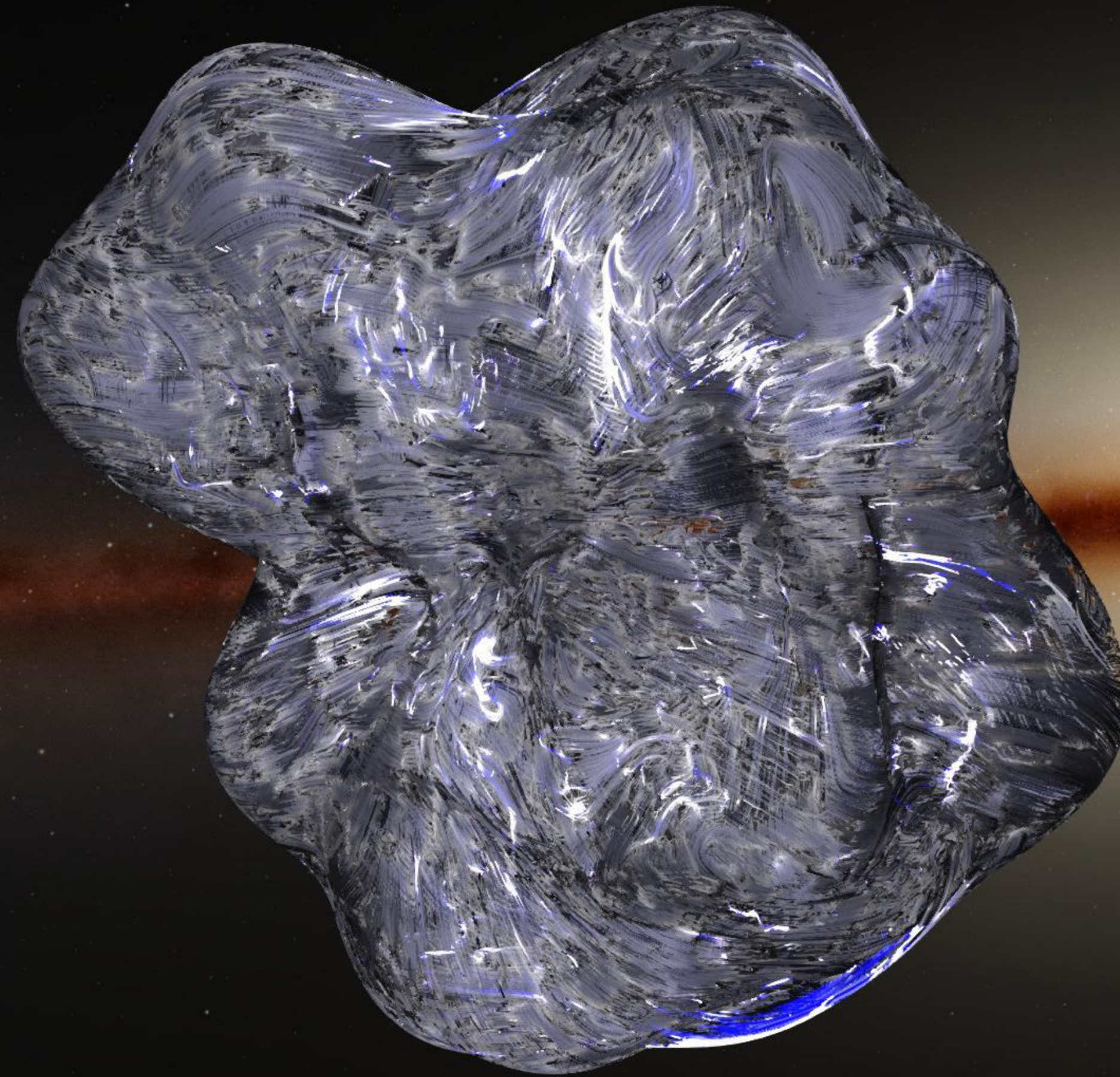


A 3D Map of the Local Bubble's Magnetic Field



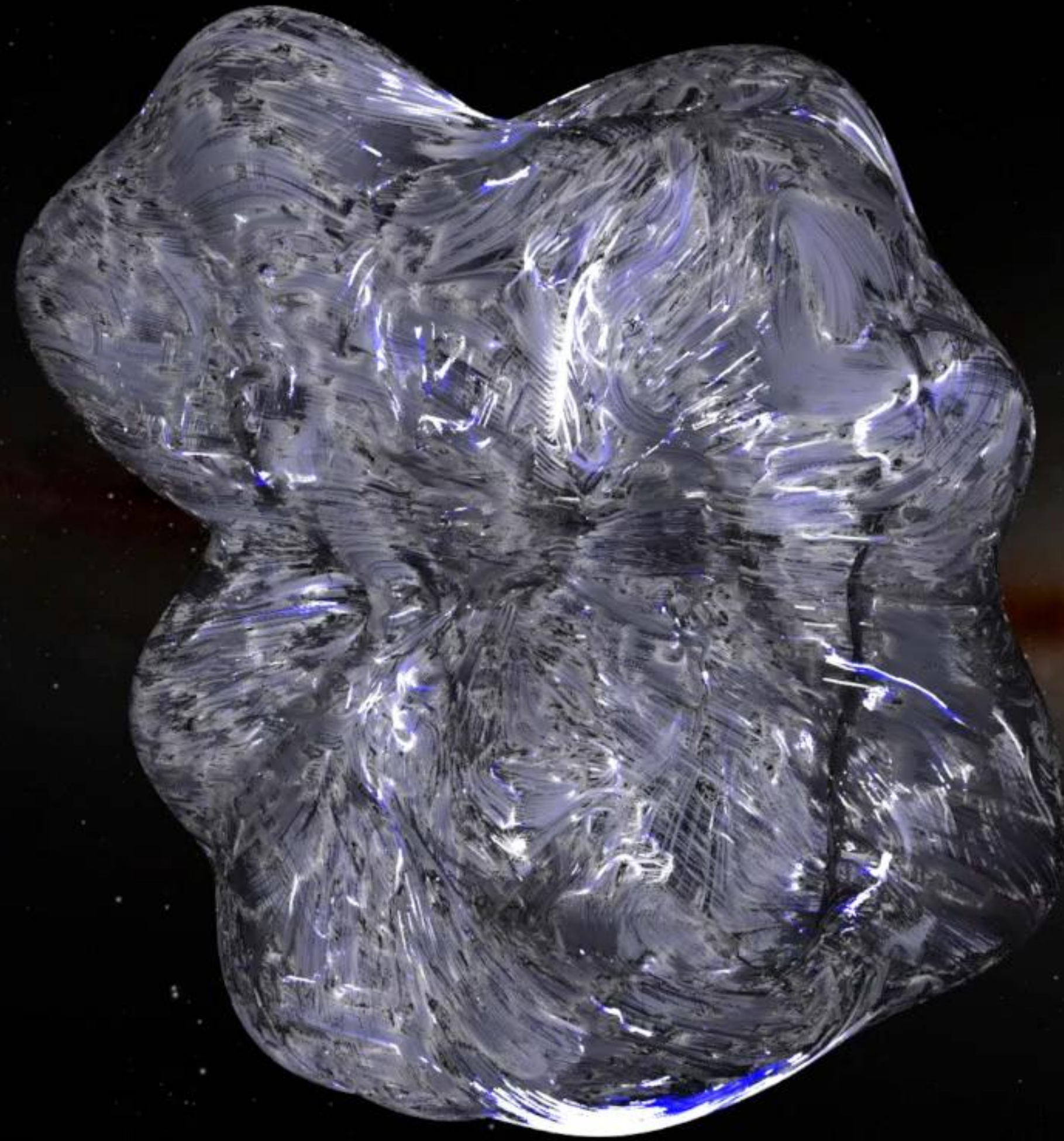
Theo O'Neill^{1,2},
Alyssa Goodman¹, Juan Soler³,
Jesse Han¹, Catherine Zucker⁴

presented by Theo O'Neill

CENTER FOR **ASTROPHYSICS**
HARVARD & SMITHSONIAN

(1) CfA | Harvard & Smithsonian; (2) Univ. Of Virginia;
(3) IAPS-INAF; (4) Space Telescope Science Institute

The magnetic field on the surface of the 1000-light-year-wide "Local Bubble" around us looks like ~this...



Why do we care about the Local Bubble? (star formation!)

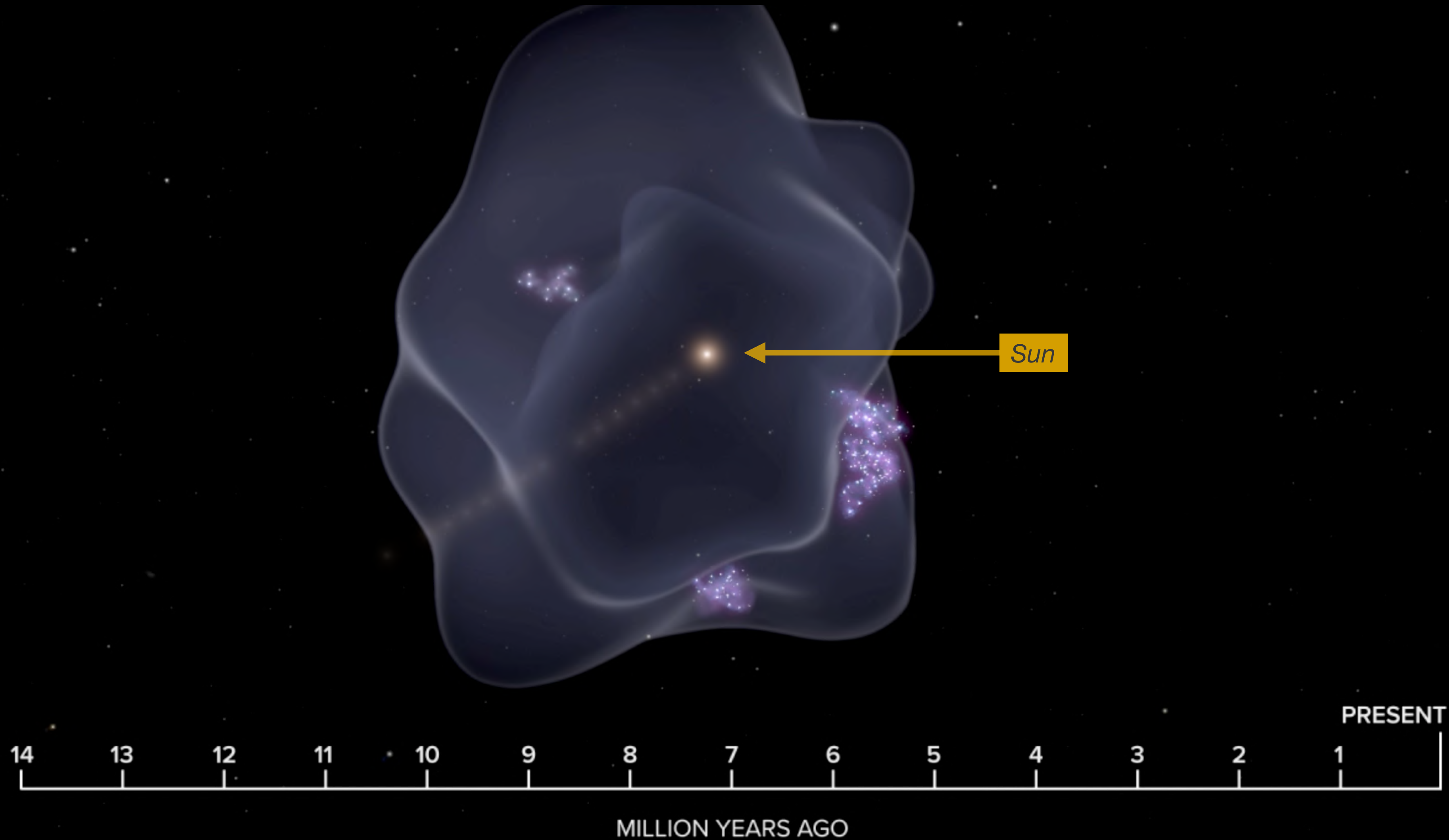
14

MILLION YEARS AGO

Zucker et al. (2022)

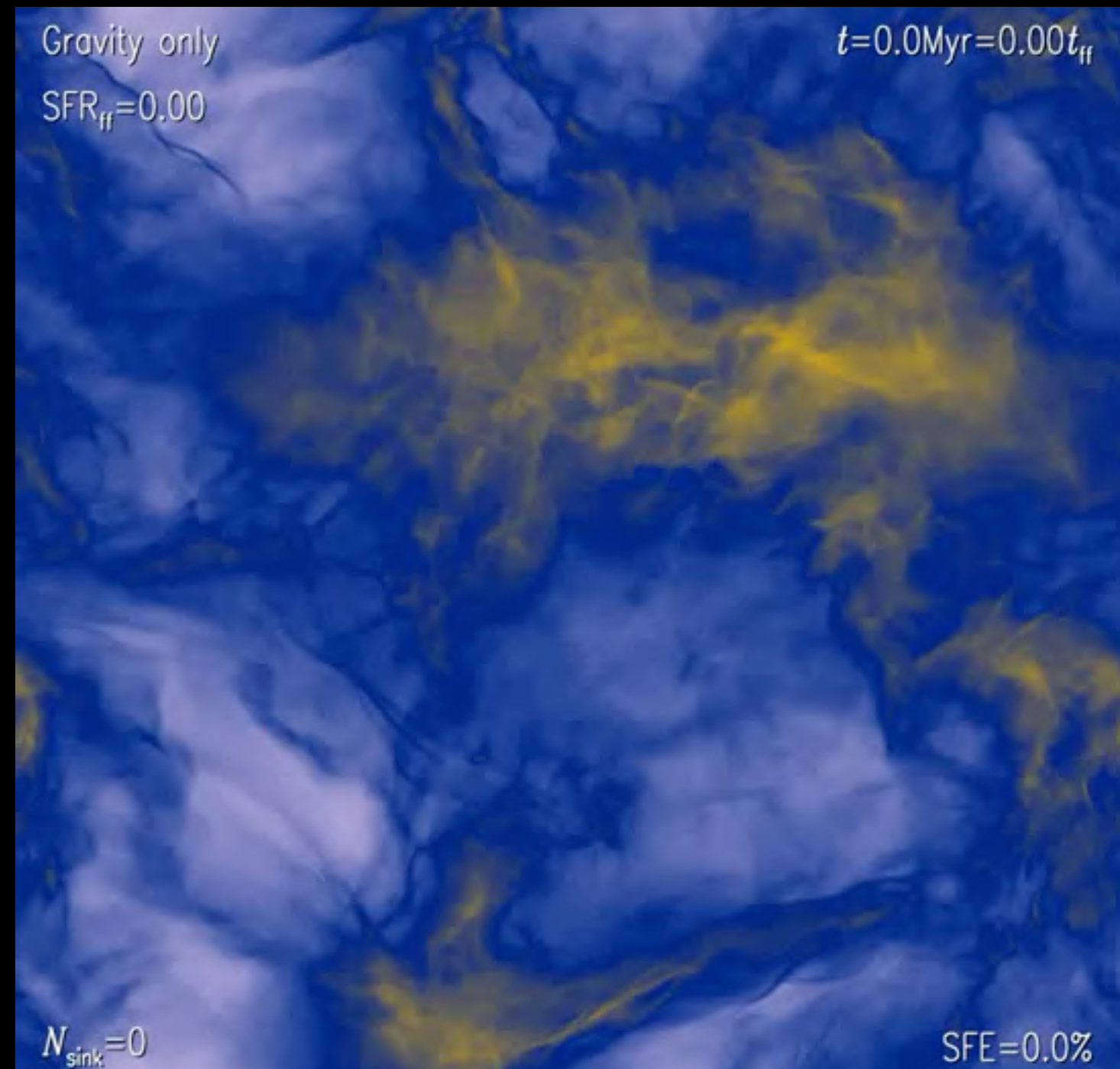


Why do we care about the Local Bubble? (star formation!)



Present-day Bubble model: Pelgrims et al. (2020)
fit to Lallement et al. (2019) 3D Dust Map

And, why do we care about magnetic fields? (also star formation!)

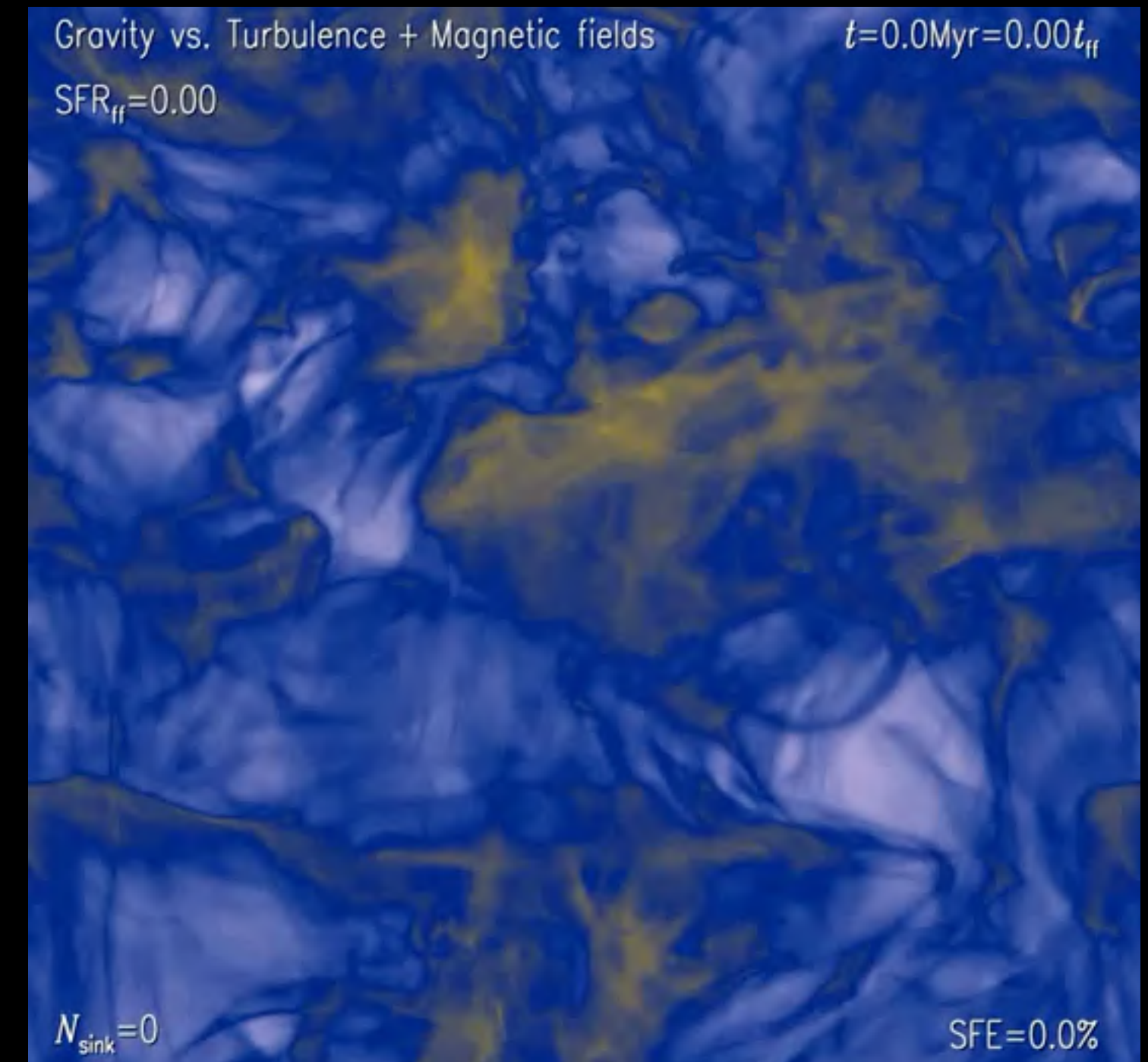


JUST GRAVITY
700 thousand years

Stars form
WAY too fast without
something to slow
gas clouds' collapse.

MAGNETIC FIELDS
likely do the trick.

Movie from: Inefficient star formation
through turbulence, magnetic fields
and feedback Federrath, C., 2015



GRAVITY, with **TURBULENCE**
& **MAGNETIC FIELDS**
3.4 million years

What goes into a 3D "map" of the magnetic field?

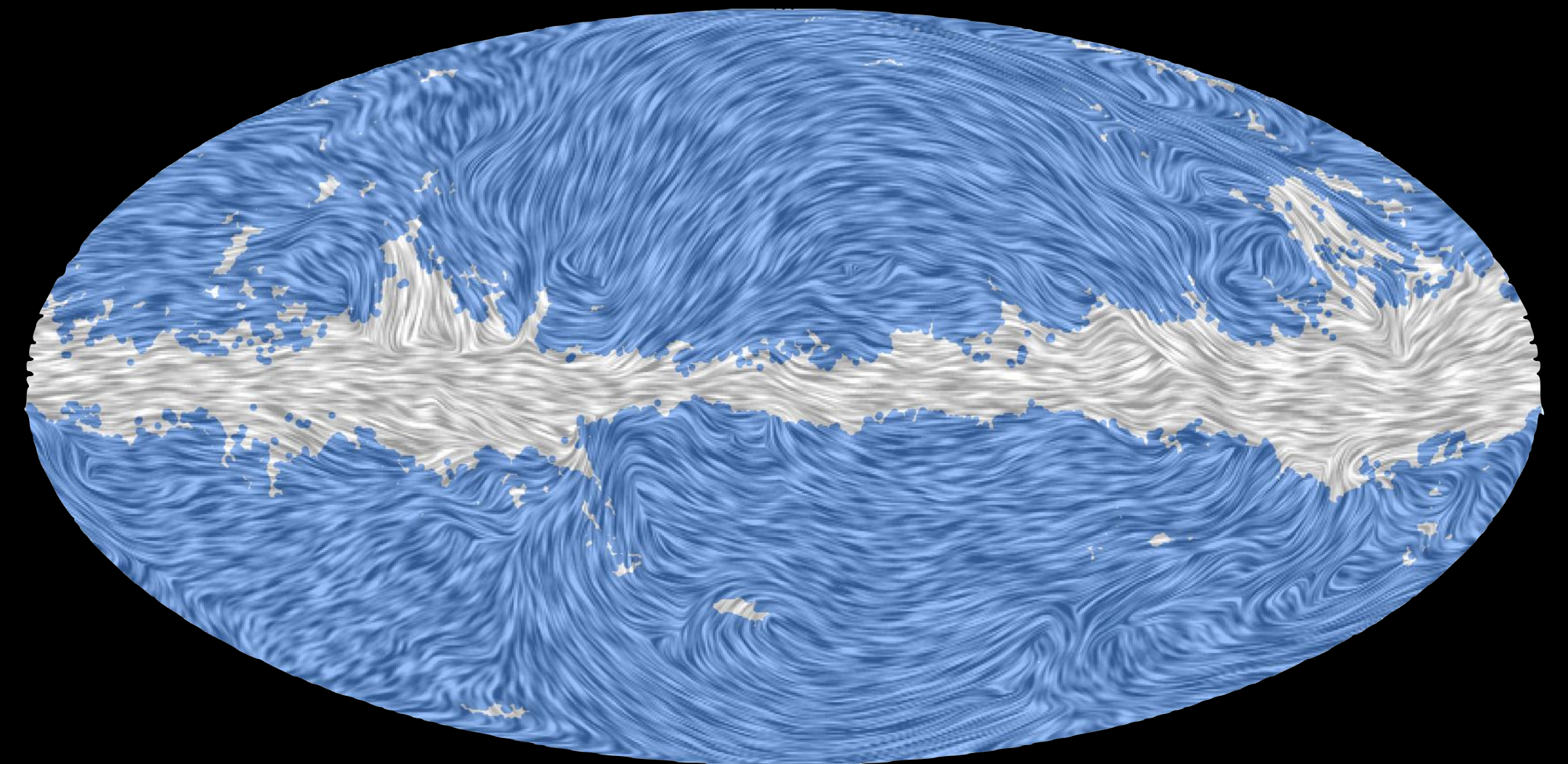
PROJECTIONS

(certain, but can be hard to appreciate in 2D)

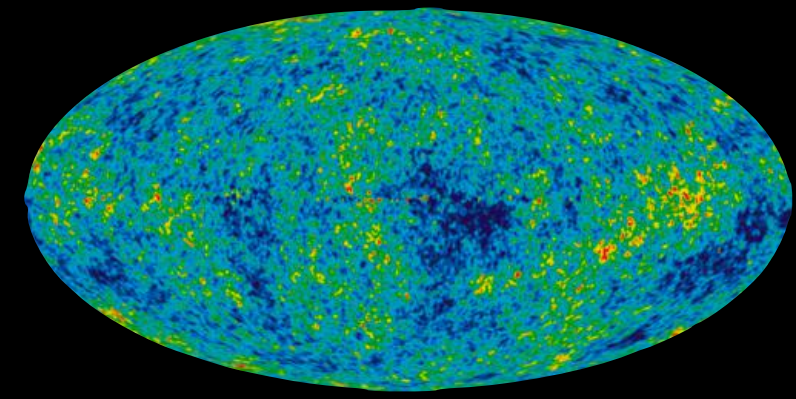


ASSUMPTIONS

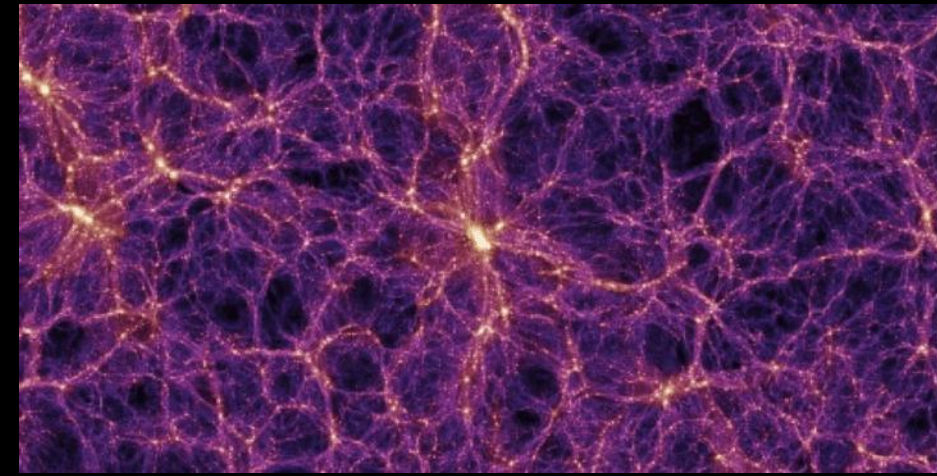
(uncertain, but a good guess)



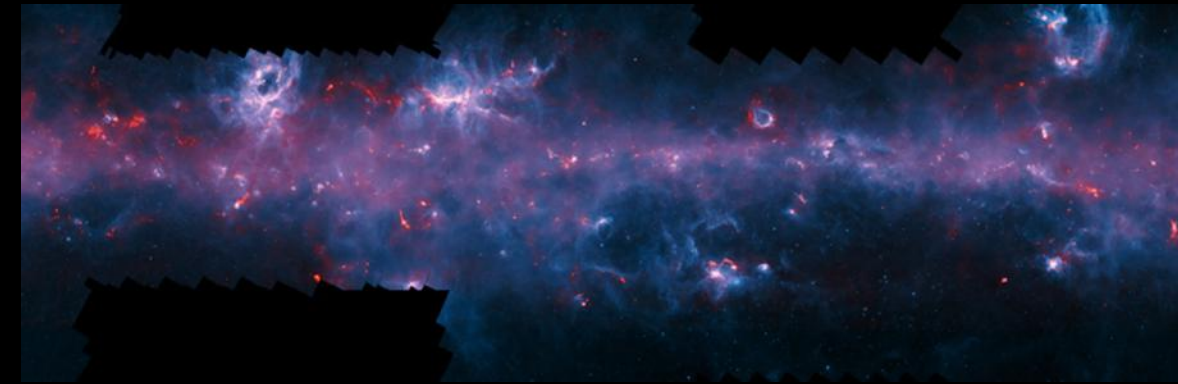
ASSUMPTION 1: The Local Bubble is the dominant source of observed polarization



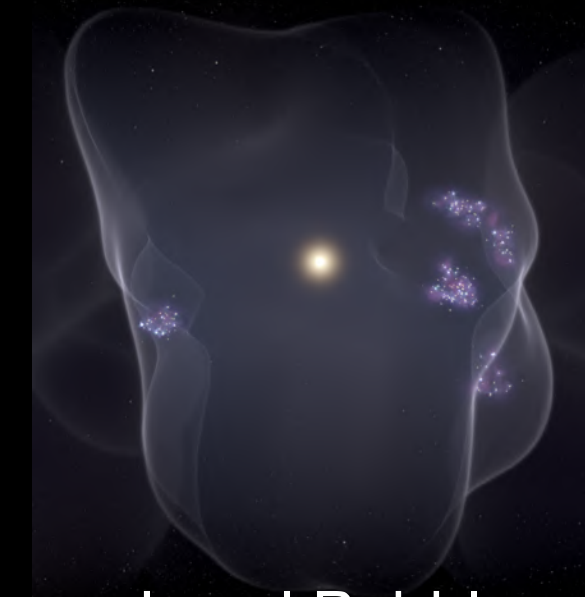
Cosmic Microwave Background



Intergalactic Medium



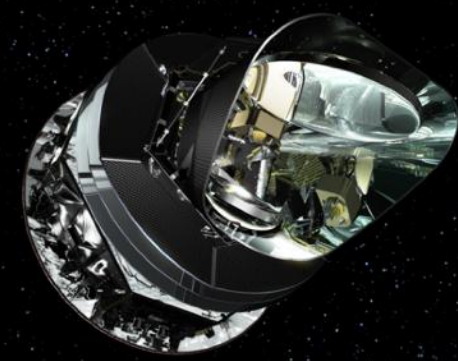
Milky Way Interstellar Medium



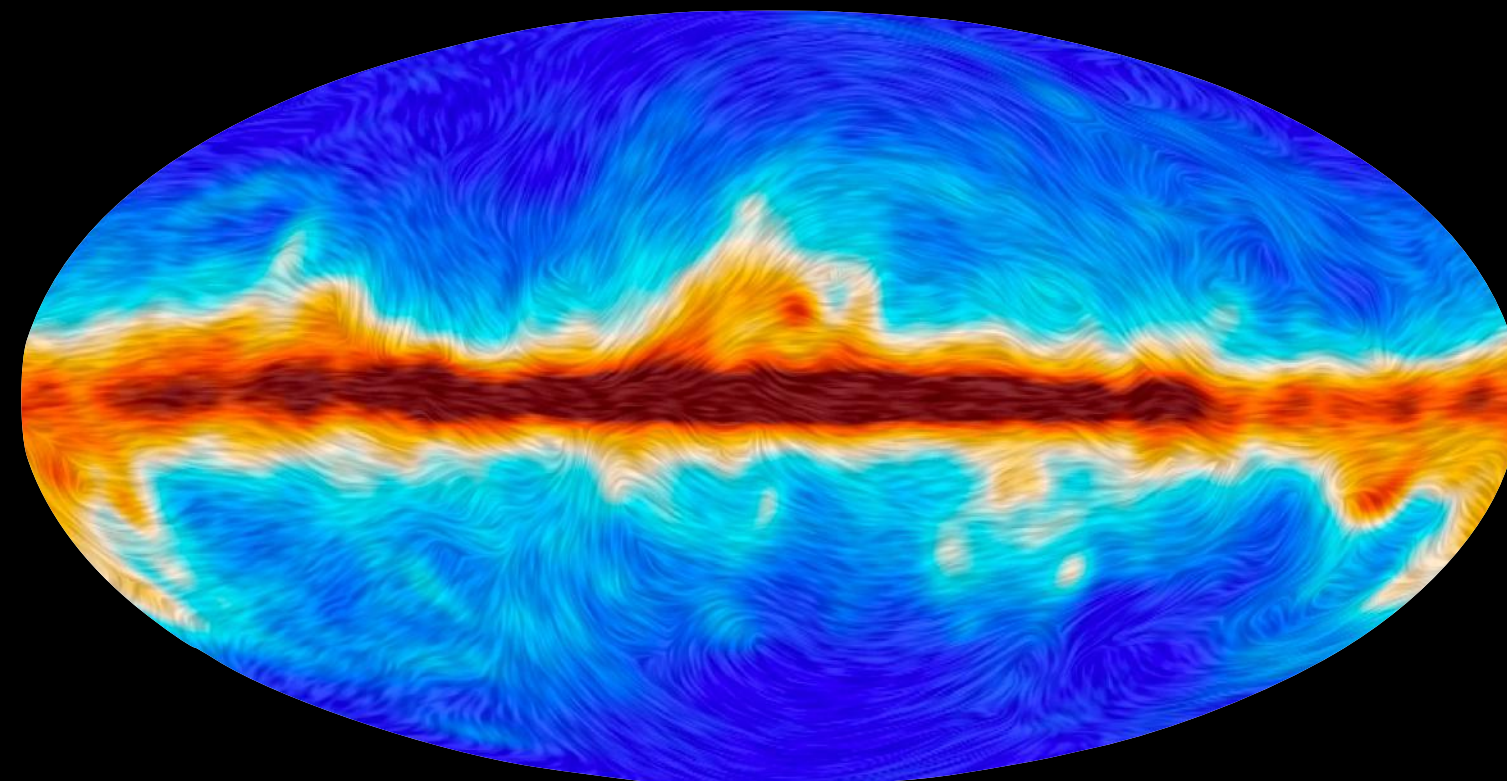
Local Bubble Surface



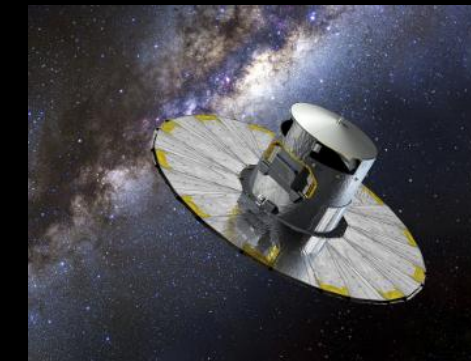
Planck



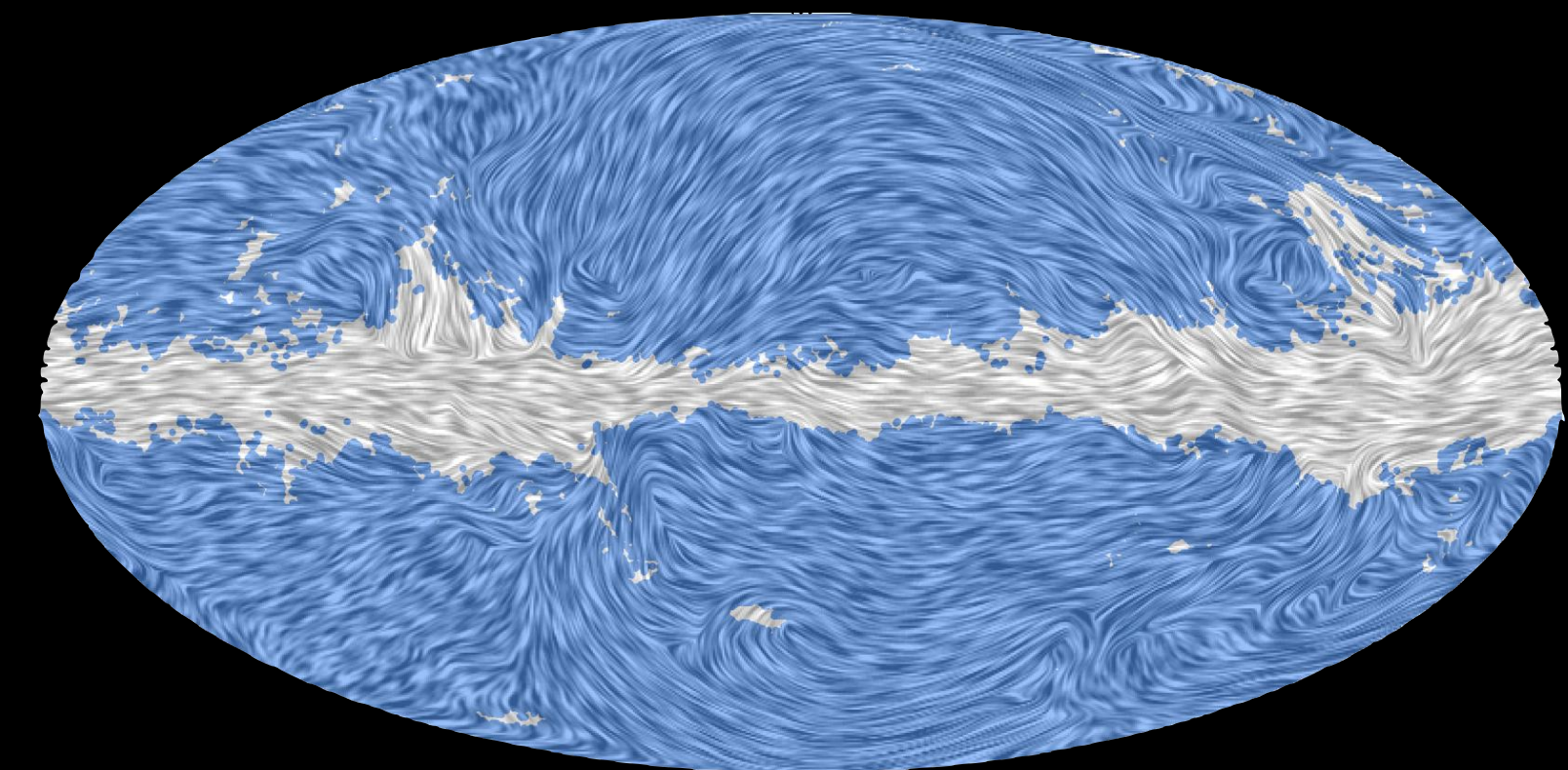
(polarization)



Gaia

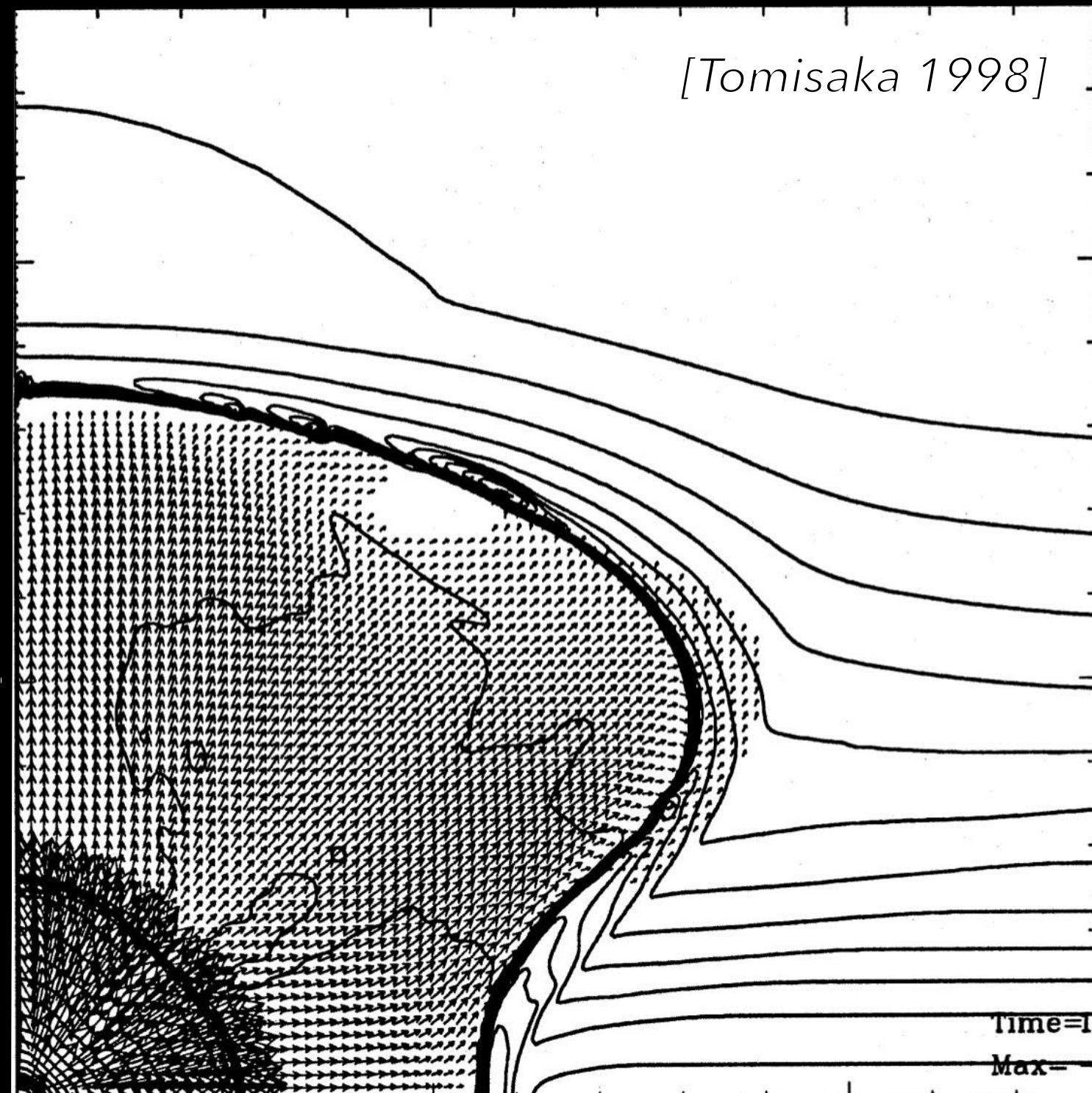


(3D dust)

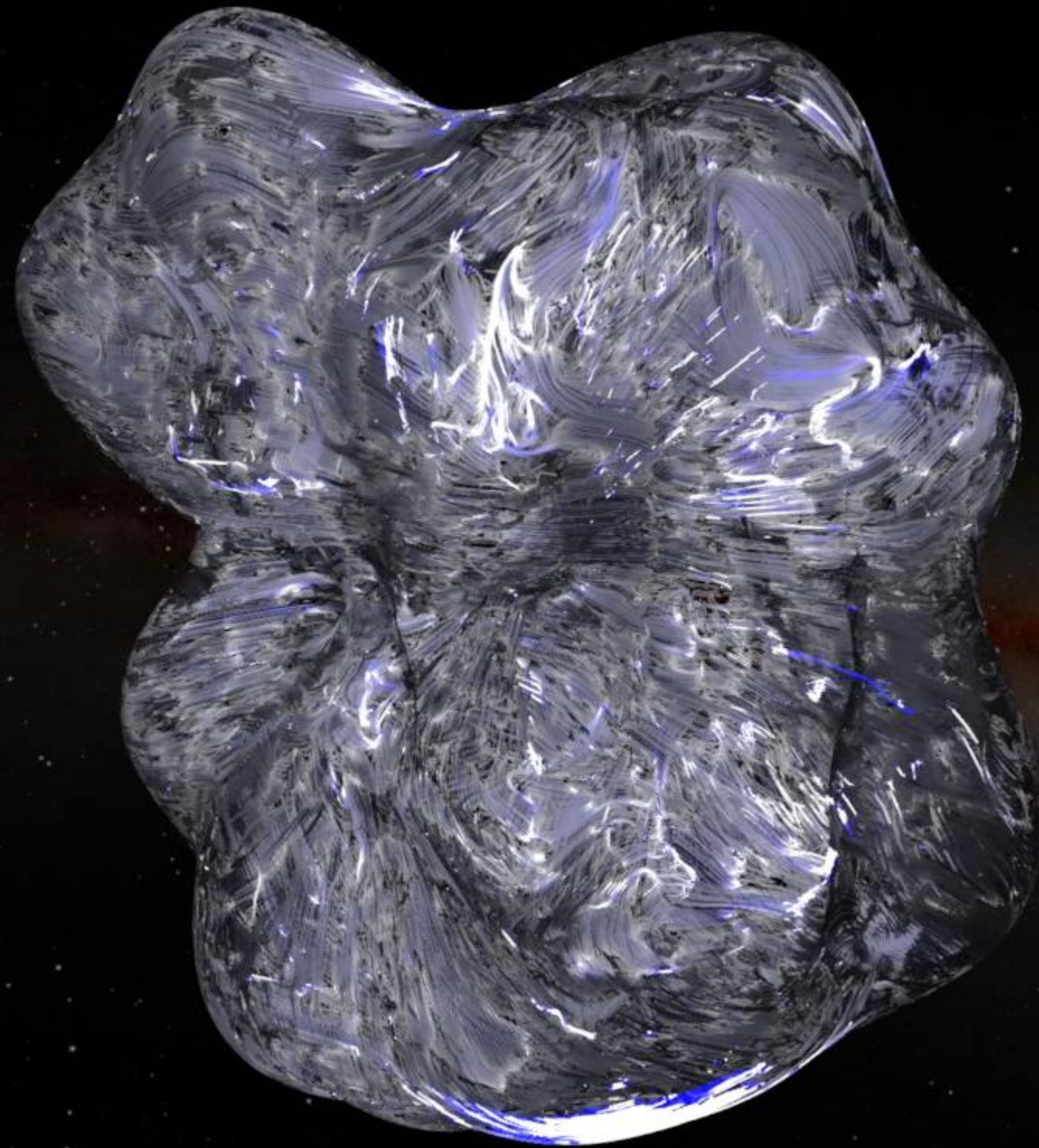


ASSUMPTION 2: Magnetic field is "swept up" into bubble surface, so tangent to it

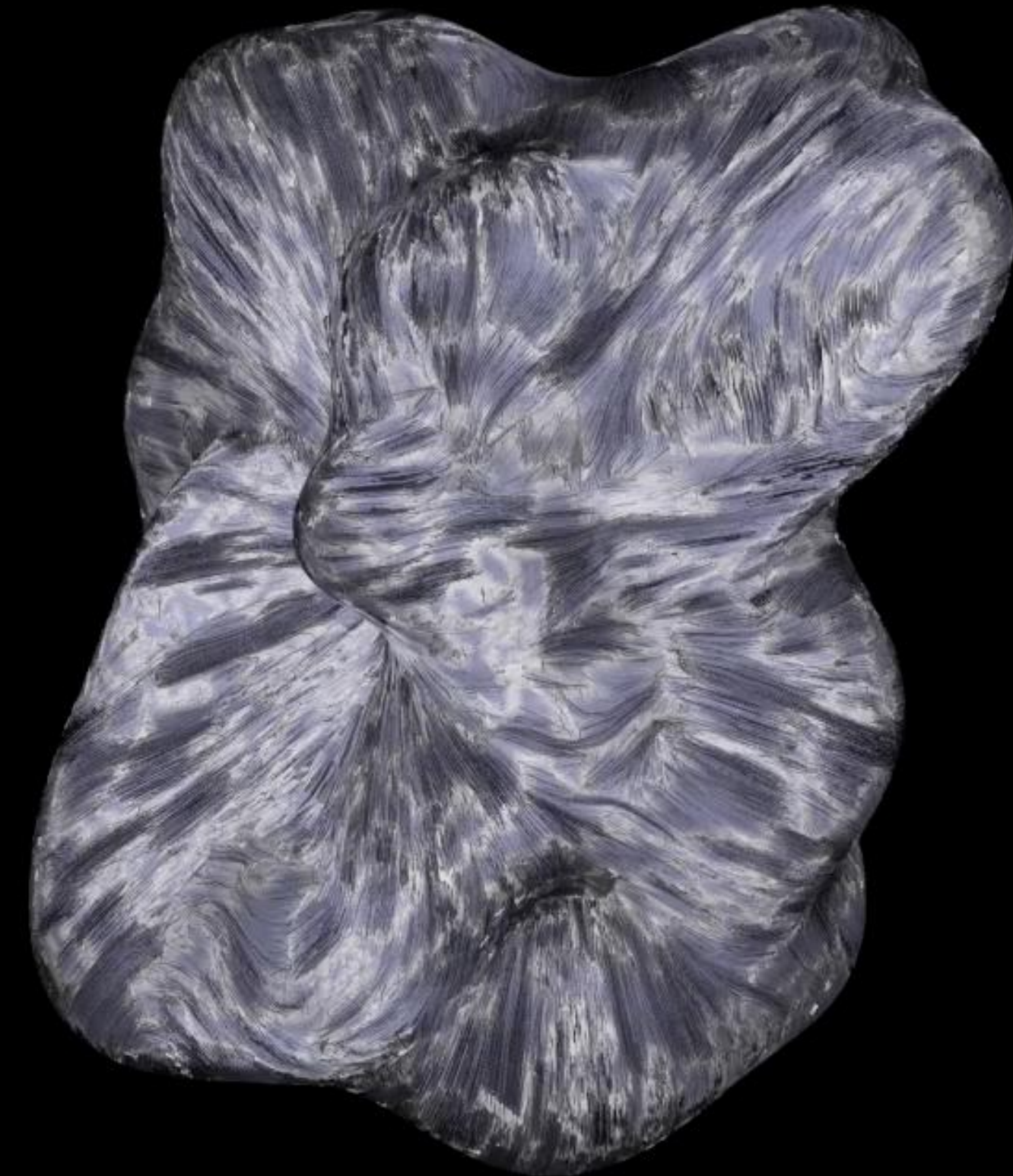
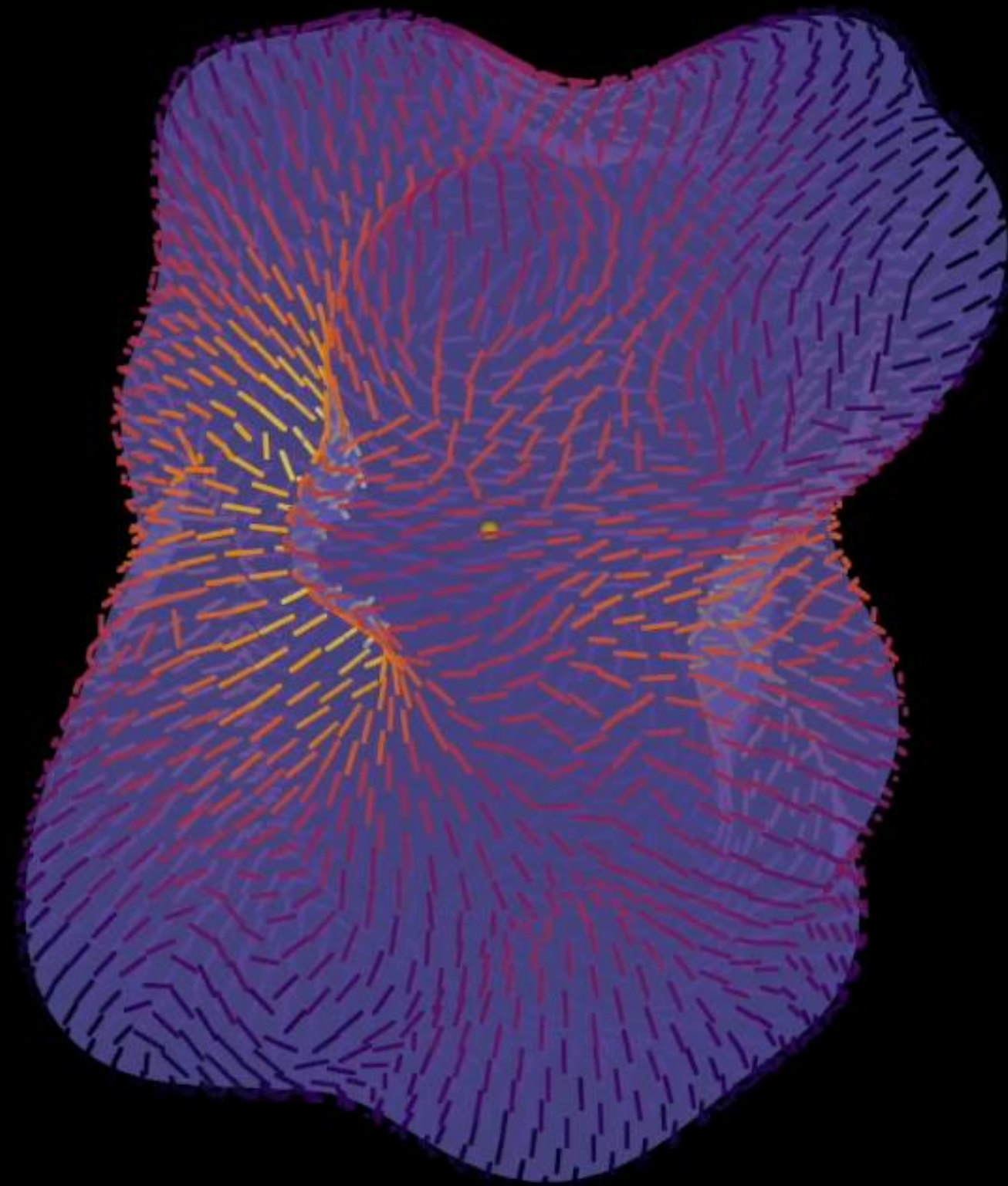
Simulation



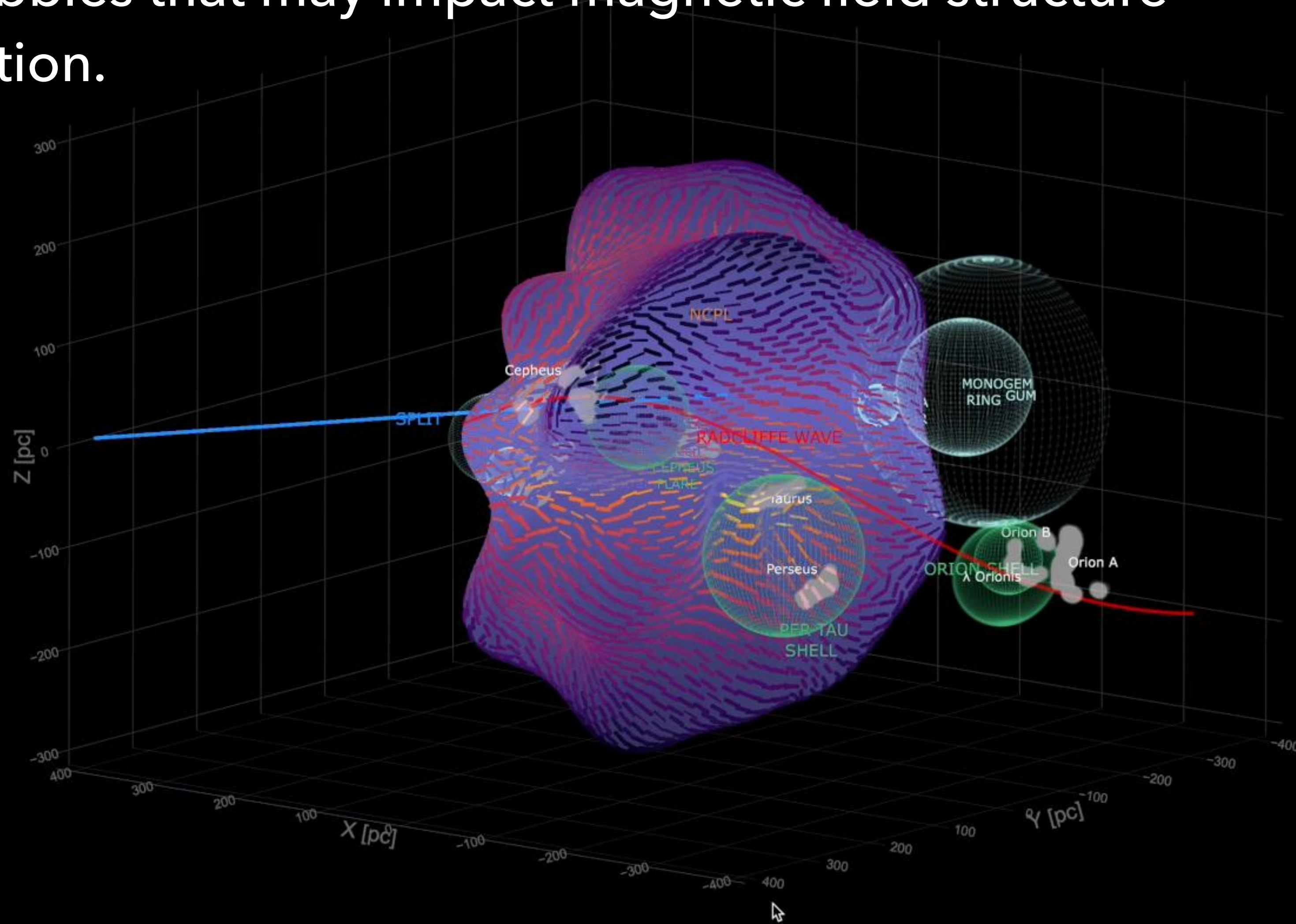
With these assumptions, we can create a 3D map of the magnetic field...



It's a visualization challenge to find the best methods to explore what's happening and inspire statistical tests for correlations.



The interactive figure in our paper adds nearby “feedback” bubbles that may impact magnetic field structure and star formation.



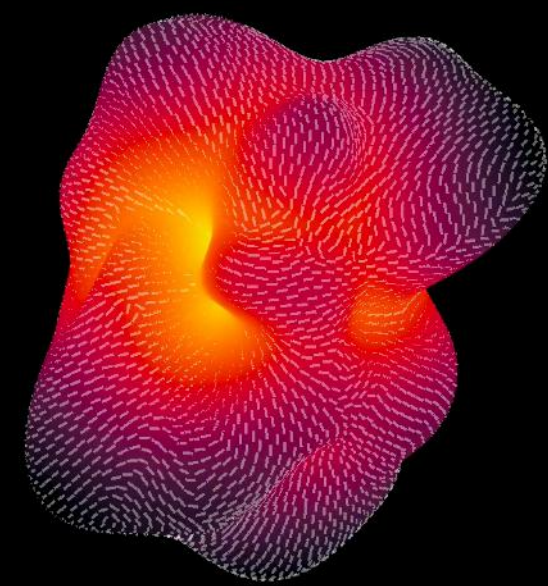
Click to Show/Hide:

- Labels
- 3D Dust
- Local Bubble Model
- Magnetic Field Model
- PerTau Bubble Model
- Orion Bubble Models
- Radcliffe Wave Model
- Split Model
- Sun
- Nearby Shells
- Northern Celestial Pole Loop
- Molecular Clouds

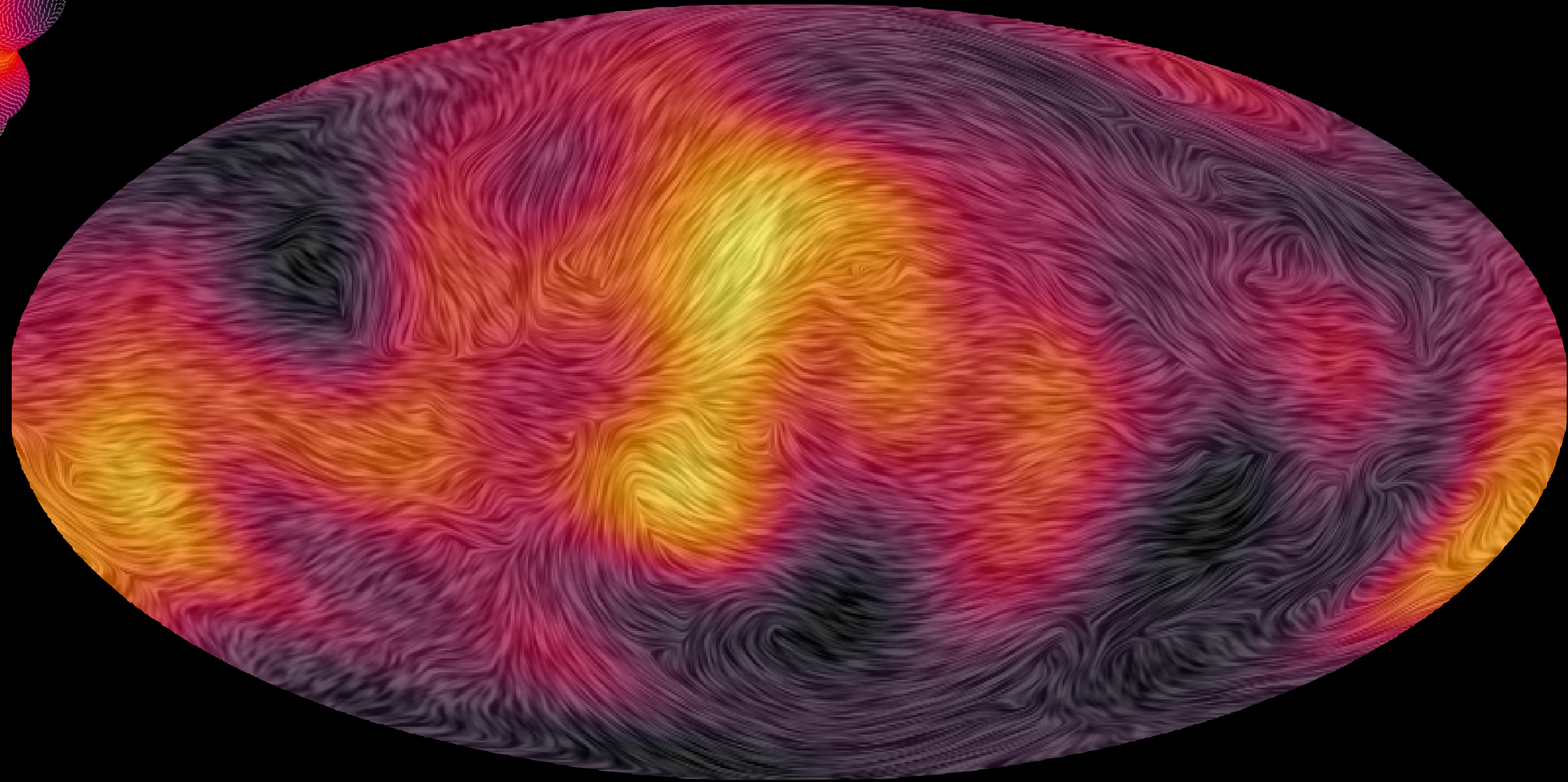


[try the interactive figure]

Surface ripples (shown in color) and field direction (swirls) often correlated...



Distance from Sun to Surface of Local Bubble

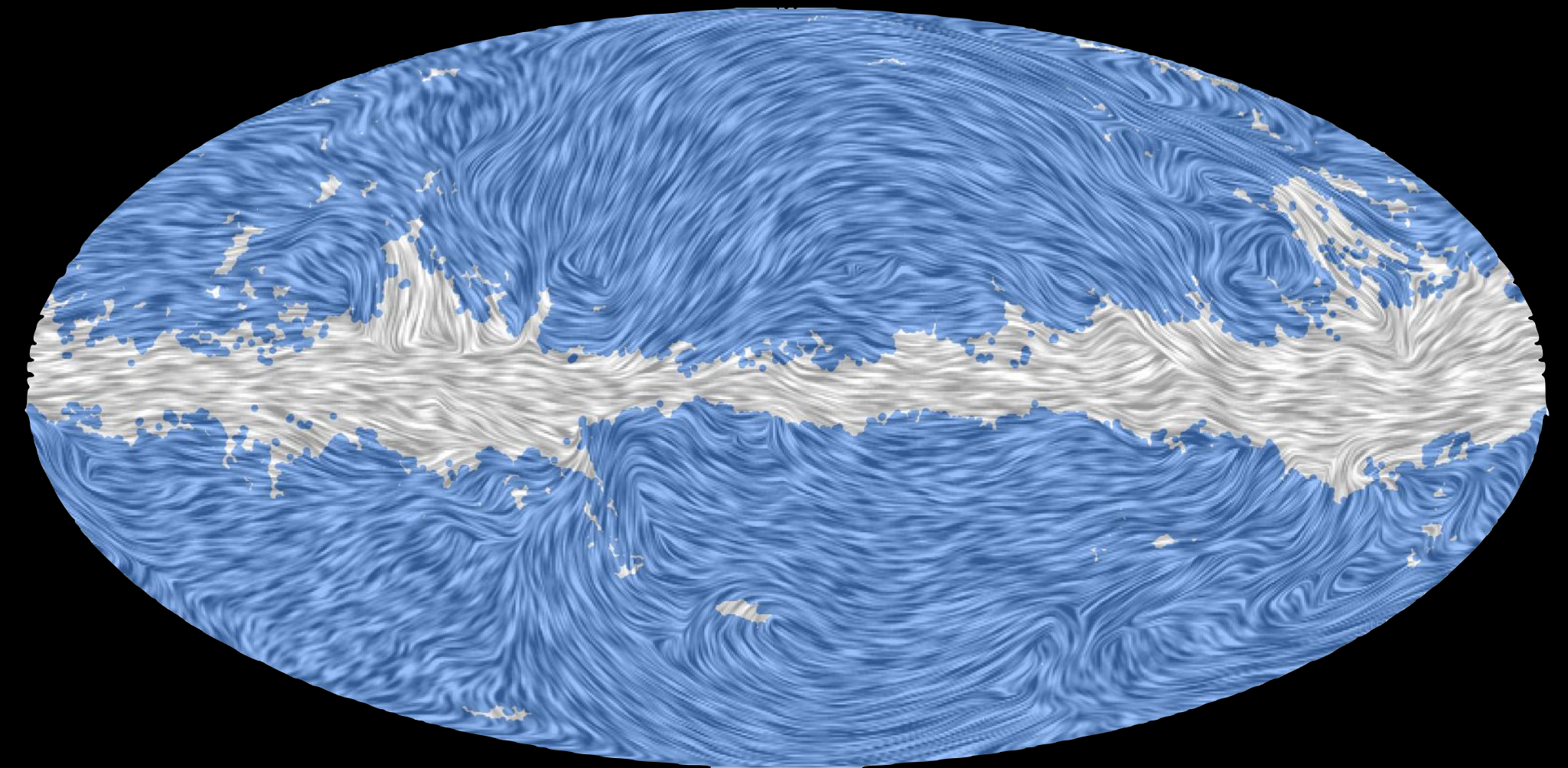


Distance to Local Bubble's Surface [pc]

Where & how much should we trust this “map,” and how can we know?



Blue = likely dominated by Local Bubble

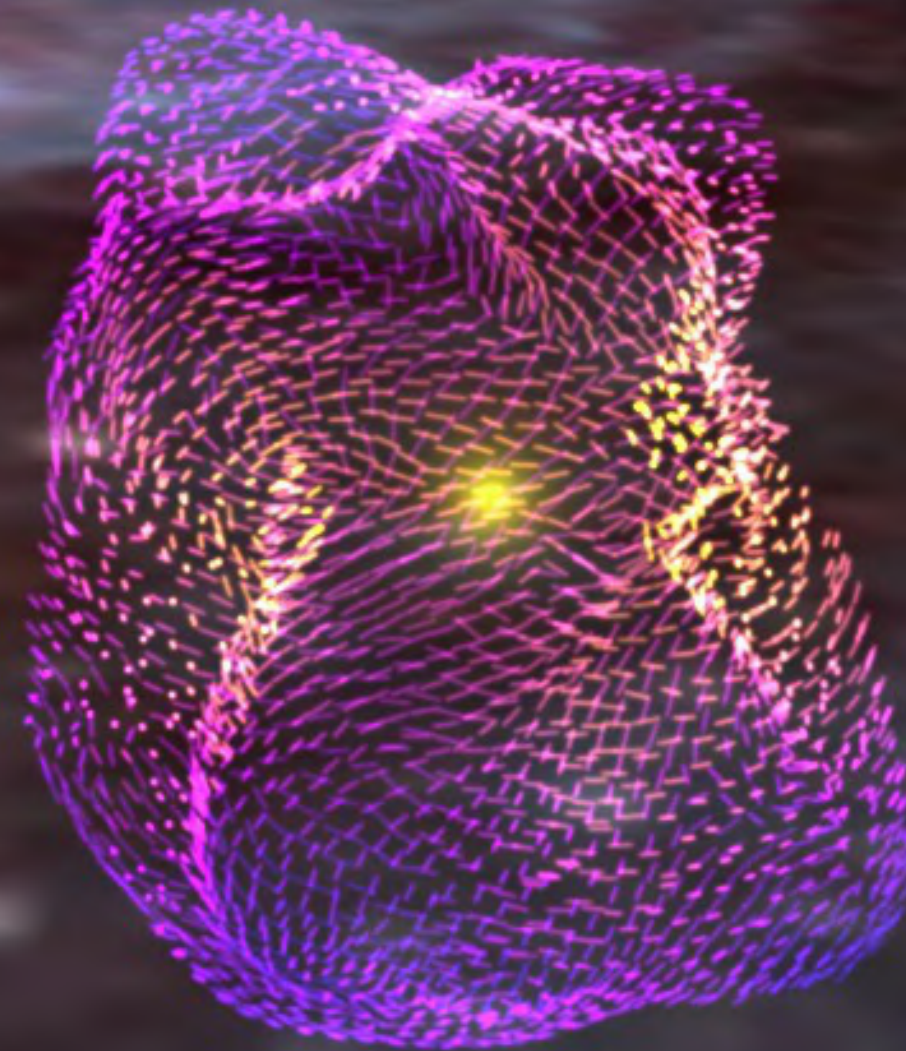


... it's an **EARLY EXPLORATION**– stay tuned for more!

What's next?

What would a simulated polarization map of a magnetic superbubble look like from inside?

What can this map tell us about how magnetized feedback bubbles set the star-formation rate in galaxies?



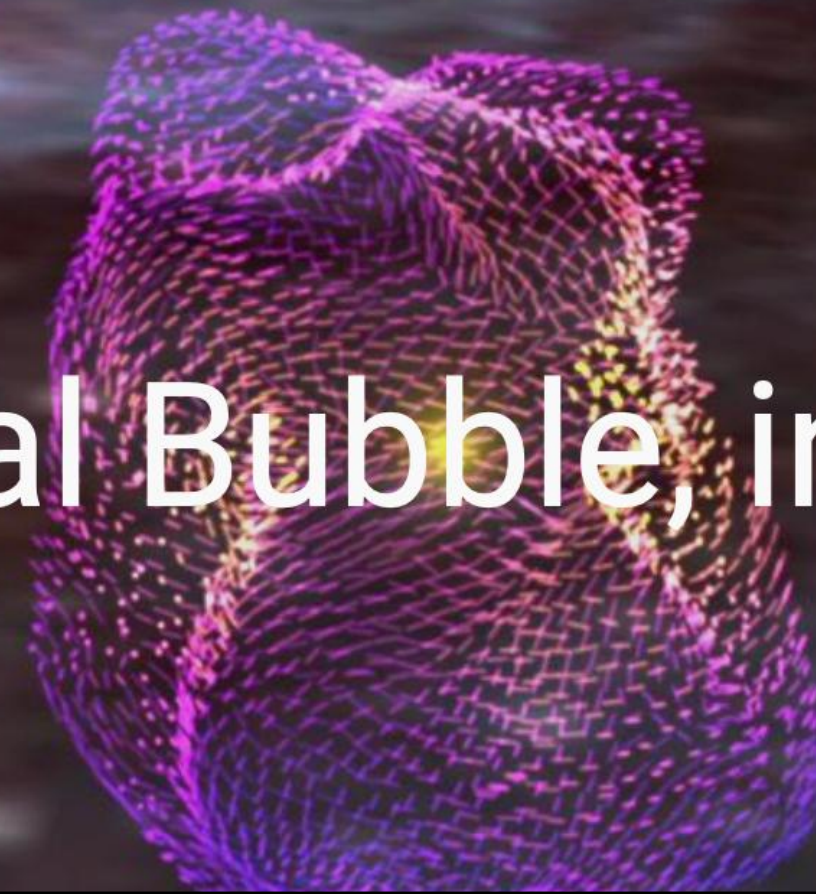
How do bubbles' interactions affect field structure?



*How can we best contextualize & share these & related results?
(more at MilkyWay3D.org)*



The Magnetized Local Bubble, in 3D



visit tinyurl.com/local-bubble-b for interactive figures, videos, and much more

Thanks to the work of many who came before, and publicly-shared vast data troves, we can draft a 3D map of the magnetic field on the surface of the Local Bubble. We are constantly improving our guess as to what the map looks like, so please use this page to find **news**, **publications** and **talks**, **visuals** (images, interactives, and videos), and **data**. Stay tuned for updates!

The first public showing of this work will be at the 241st AAS meeting, in Seattle in 2023, and a [preprint](#) by O'Neill et al. is available on Authorea.

the **LOCAL BUBBLE'S
MAGNETIC FIELD**



in **THREE DIMENSIONS**