Gone, But Not Forgotten: 372 New Planets Discovered with K2 Data

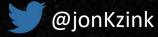
Jon Zink

June 9th, 2021 AAS Press Panel

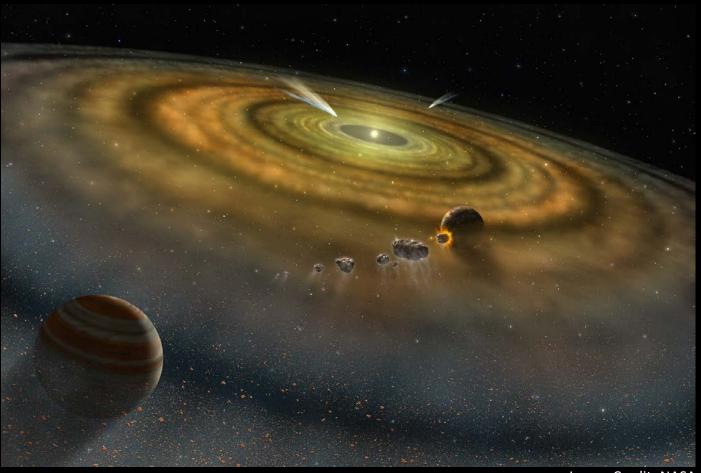


Jzink@astro.UCLA.edu

www.JonZink.com



How Unique Is Our Solar System?





We need to understand our origin - How do planets form?

We need to understanding our history - How do orbits evolve?

Image Credit: NASA

The Kepler Mission

З

Image Credit: NASA Ames

The Kepler Mission

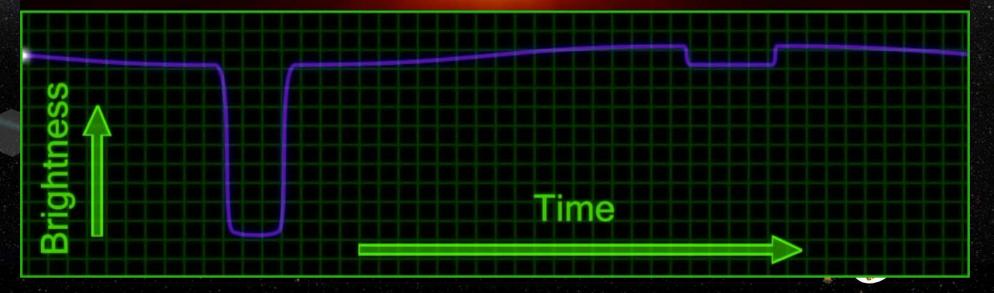
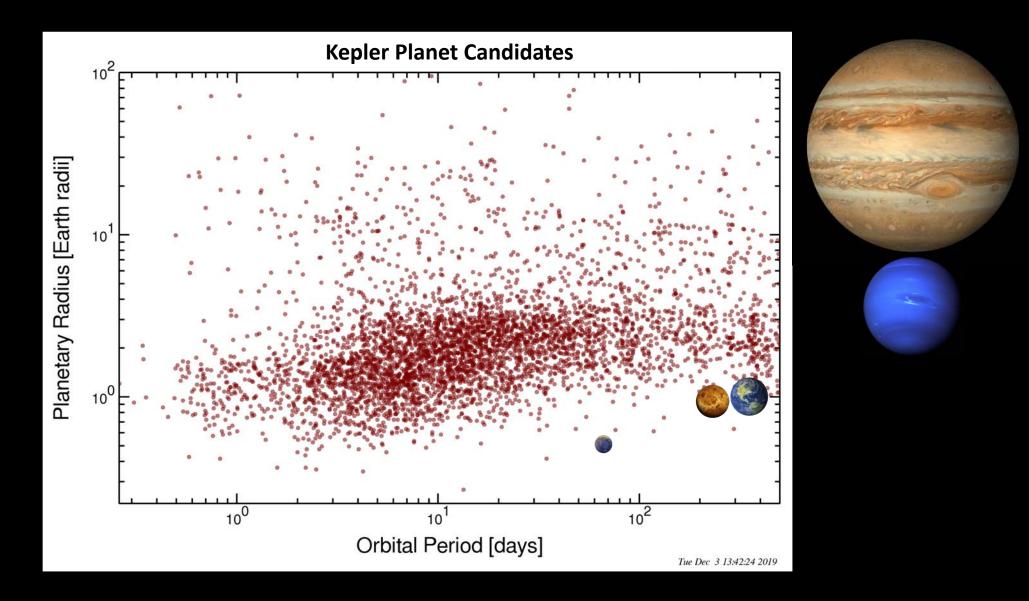


Image Credit: NASA Ames

Kepler Found An Abundance Of Small Short Period Planets



The K2 Mission

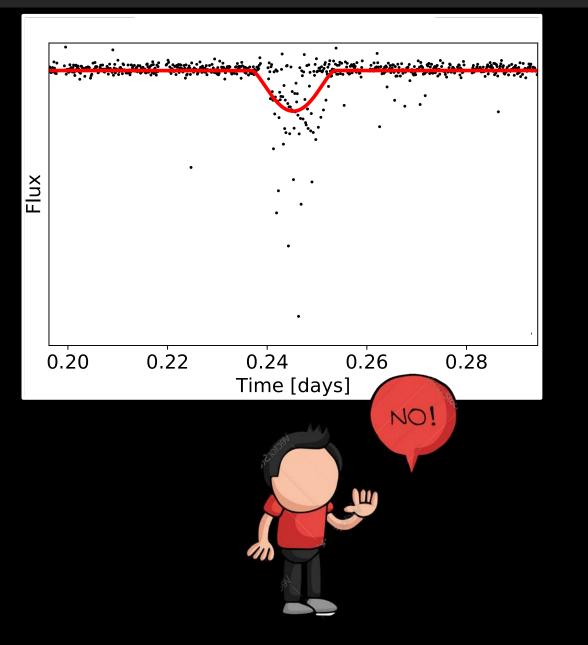
10

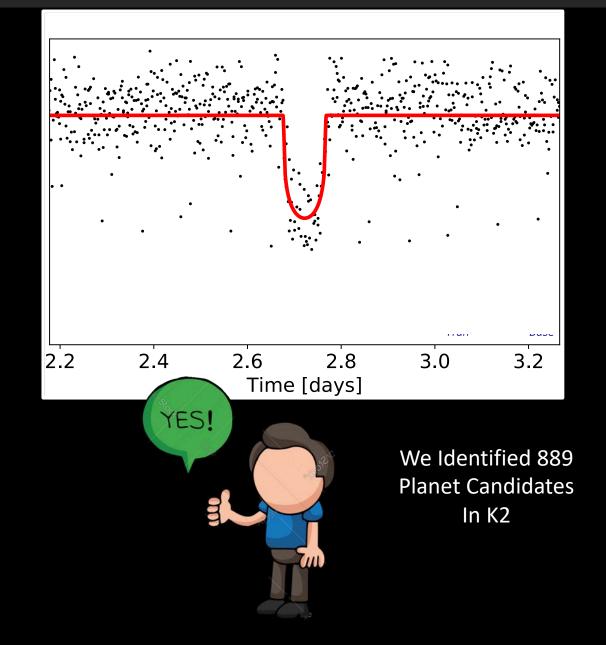
Wider Dynamic Range:

Kepler

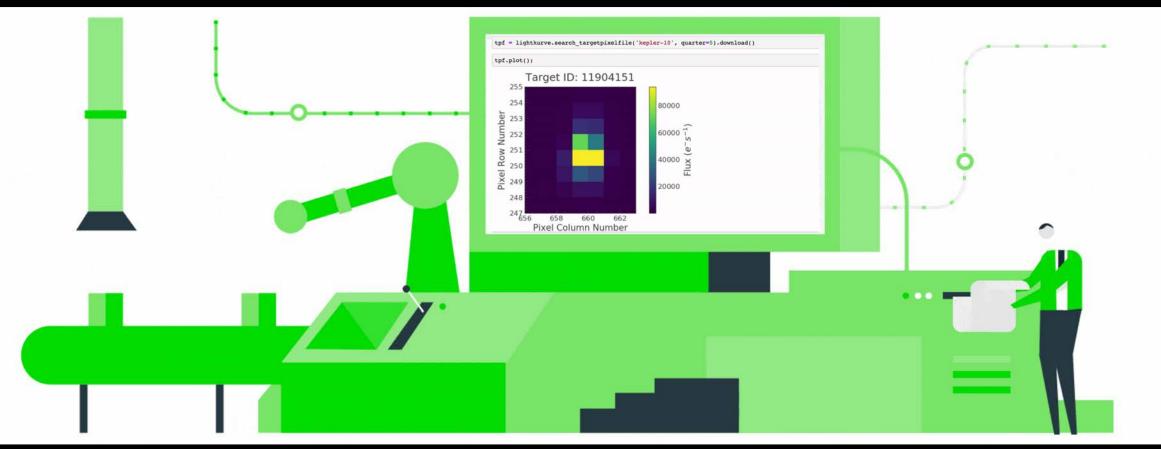
- Galactic Latitude
- Stellar Age
- Stellar Mass
- Stellar Metallicity

All Known K2 Planets Had Been Identified Through Visual Inspection





Scaling K2: A Fully Automated Search of K2 Data



EDI-Vetter

(Zink et al. 2020)

We Found 372 New Planet Candidates

• 372 Newly Detected Planets

• 18 New Multi-Planet Systems

New K2 Planets

Previously

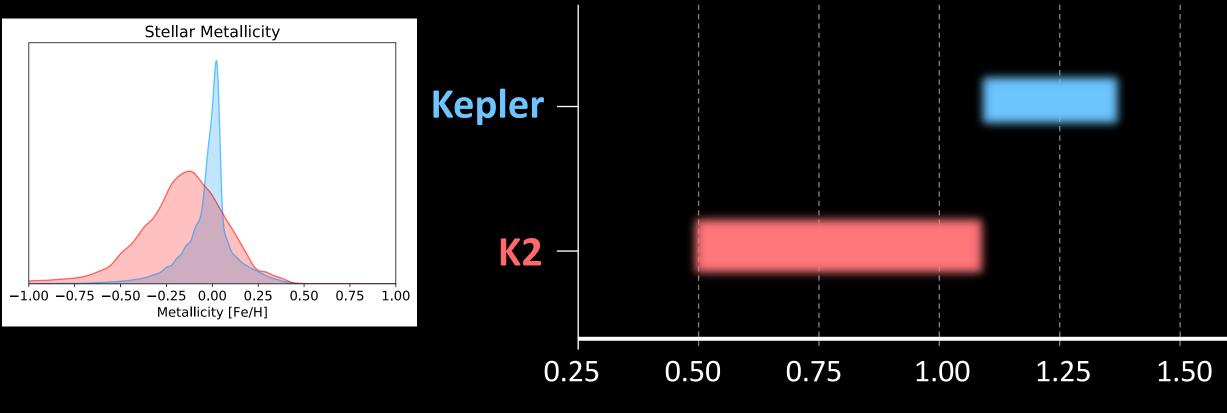
Known K2

Planets

372 Candidate 889 Candidates

Zink et al. in prep

We Found A Minor Difference In Planet Occurrence Across Fields

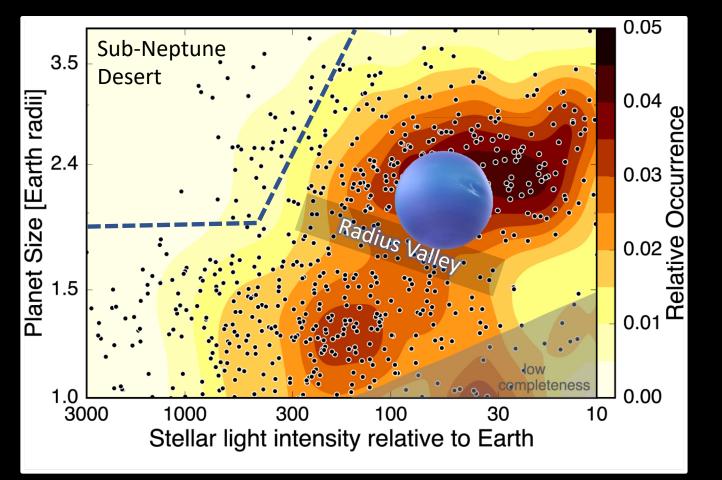


Super-Earth and Sub-Neptune Occurrence

Planets Per Star

Zink et al. 2020b

Kepler Found A Deficiency Of Sub-Neptunes



Radius Valley:

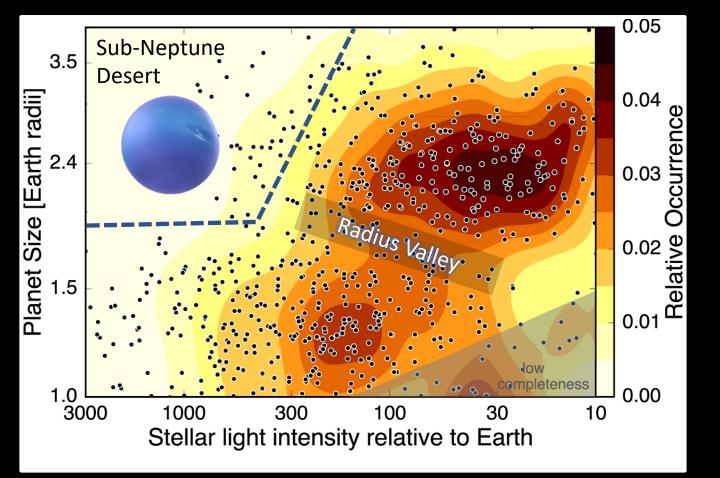
Super-Earths and Sub-Neptunes appear separated by a valley in planet occurrence near 1.5-2 Earth radii.

Sub-Neptune Desert:

Short period Sub-Neptunes appear to be very rare.

Fulton et al. (2017)

Kepler Found A Deficiency Of Sub-Neptunes



Radius Valley:

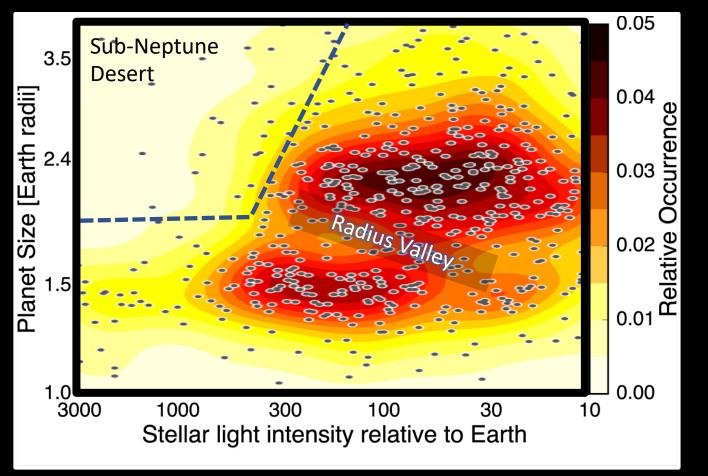
Super-Earths and Sub-Neptunes appear separated by a valley in planet occurrence near 1.5-2 Earth radii.

Sub-Neptune Desert:

Short period Sub-Neptunes appear to be very rare.

Fulton et al. (2017)

K2 Also Found A Deficiency Of Sub-Neptunes



Radius Valley:

Super-Earths and Sub-Neptunes appear separated by a valley in planet occurrence near 1.5-2 Earth radii.

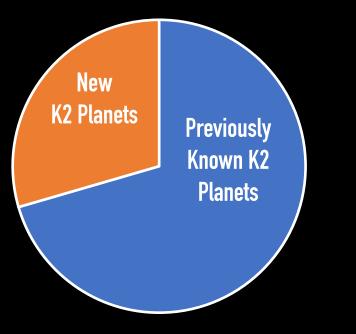
Sub-Neptune Desert:

Short period Sub-Neptunes appear to be very rare.

Hardegree-Ullman et al. (2020)

Conclusions

An automated search of K2 photometry lead to the detection of 372 new planet candidates



Jon Zink - UCLA www.JonZink.com



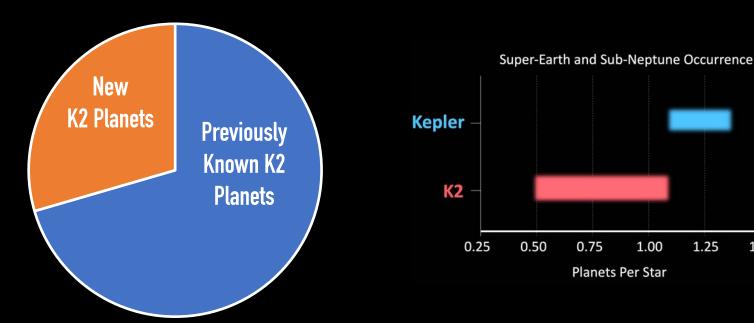
Conclusions

An automated search of K2 photometry lead to the detection of 372 new planet candidates

Early occurrence calculations indicate a minor difference in the number of planets per star outside of the Kepler field.

1.25

1.50



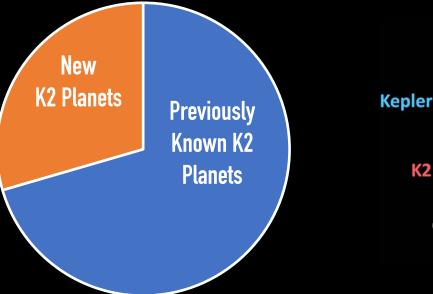
Jon Zink - UCLA www.JonZink.com

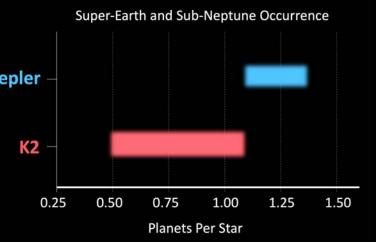


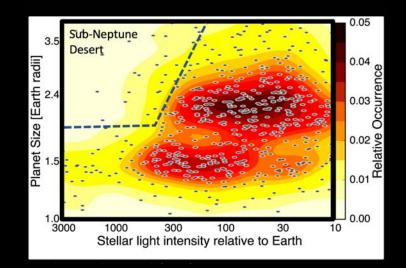
Conclusions

An automated search of K2 photometry lead to the detection of 372 new planet candidates Early occurrence calculations indicate a minor difference in the number of planets per star outside of the Kepler field.

The Radius Valley and Sub-Neptune desert can be seen in the K2 planet population, providing further constraints for planet formation theories.



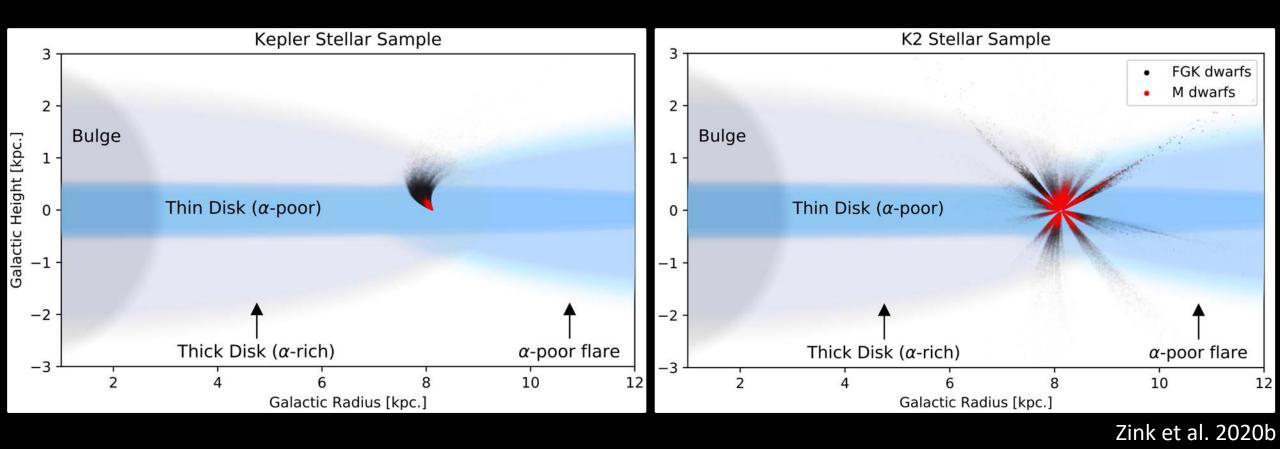




Jon Zink - UCLA www.JonZink.com



K2 – Probing Different Regions of the Local Galaxy



Adibekyan et al. (2012) – Evidence of alpha element abundance surplus in exoplanet-hosting stars

K2 provides an opportunity to further consider the alpha elements effect on planet occurrence

~1000 K2 Planets Have Been Identified Via Visual Inspection

