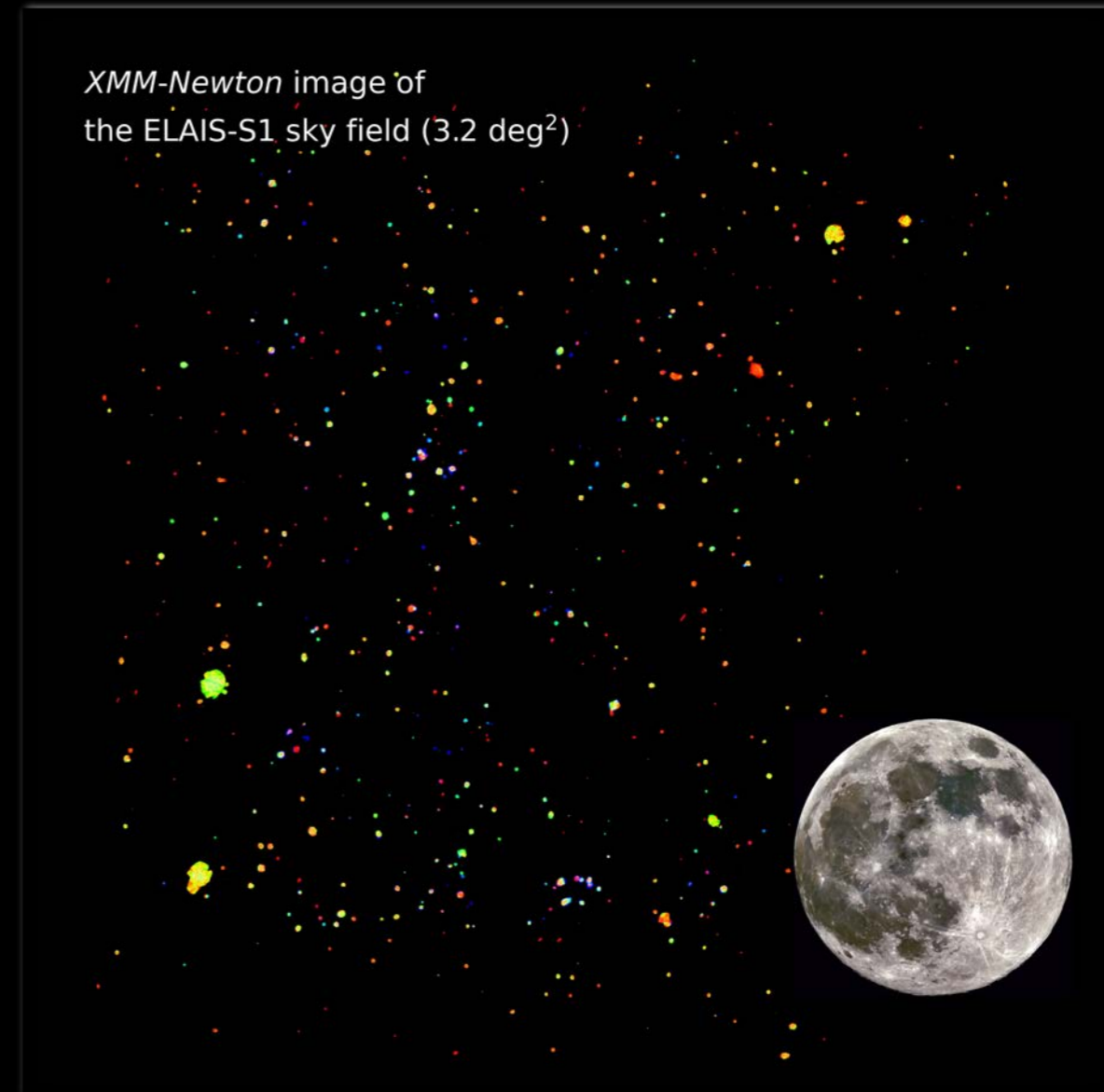
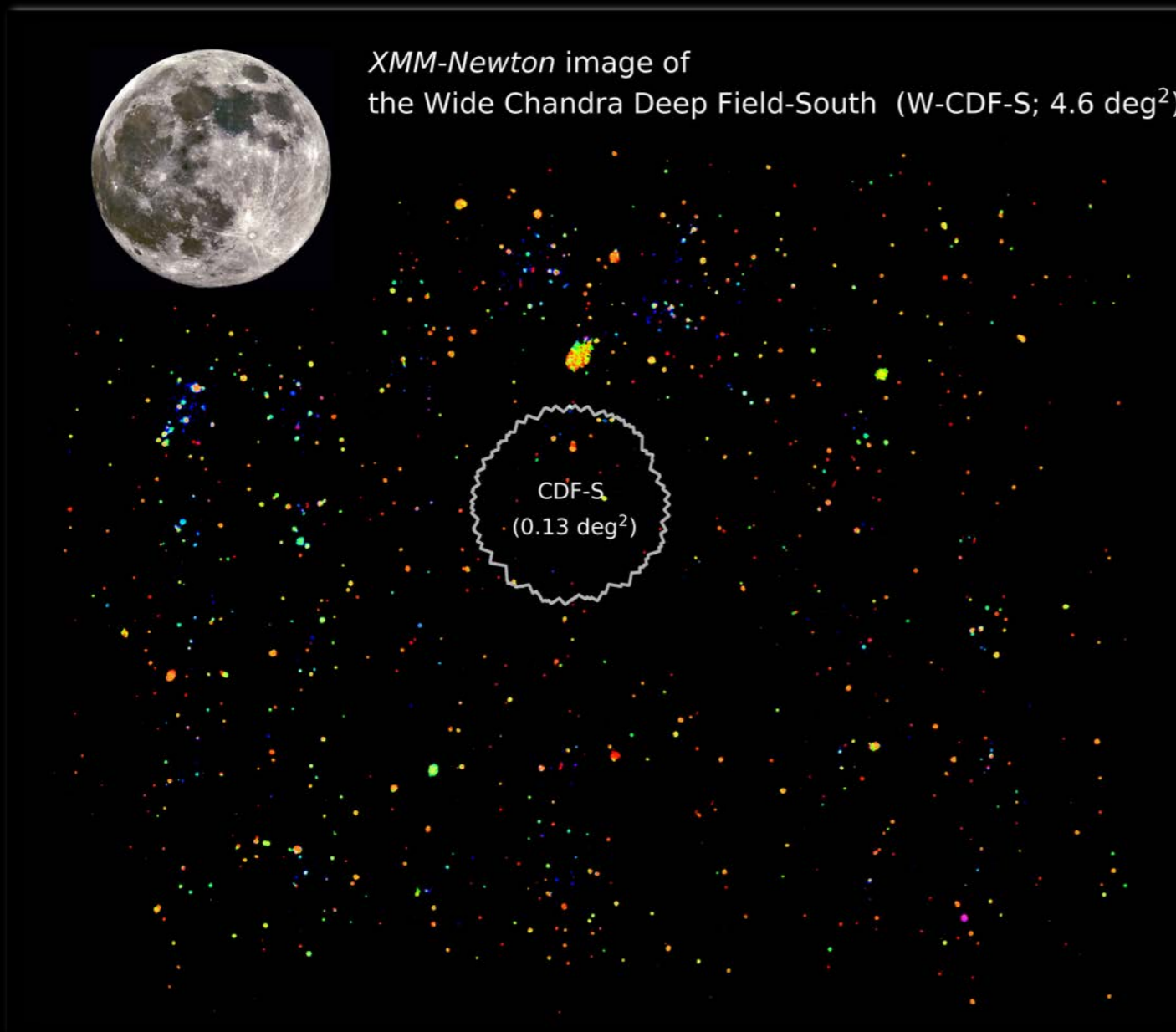


A Sensitive X-ray Survey of the Rubin/LSST Deep-Drilling Fields

Qingling Ni (Penn State), W. Niel Brandt (Penn State),
for the XMM-SERVS Collaboration



Filling the gap between deep pencil-beam X-ray surveys and shallow wide X-ray surveys

Two popular types of X-ray surveys:

- Deep pencil-beam X-ray surveys ($< 1 \text{ deg}^2$)
- Shallow X-ray surveys over large (at least tens or hundreds of deg^2) sky areas

W-CDF-S

(4.6 deg^2)

Ni et al. submitted

ELAIS-S1

(3.2 deg^2)

Ni et al. submitted

XMM-SERVS

Deep X-ray surveys in three Spitzer Extragalactic Representative Volume Survey (**SERVS**) fields **with XMM-Newton**



XMM-LSS

(5.3 deg^2)

Chen et al. (2018)



Providing X-ray coverage for the Deep-Drilling Fields of the Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST)

Vera C. Rubin Observatory

Cerro Pachon, Chile

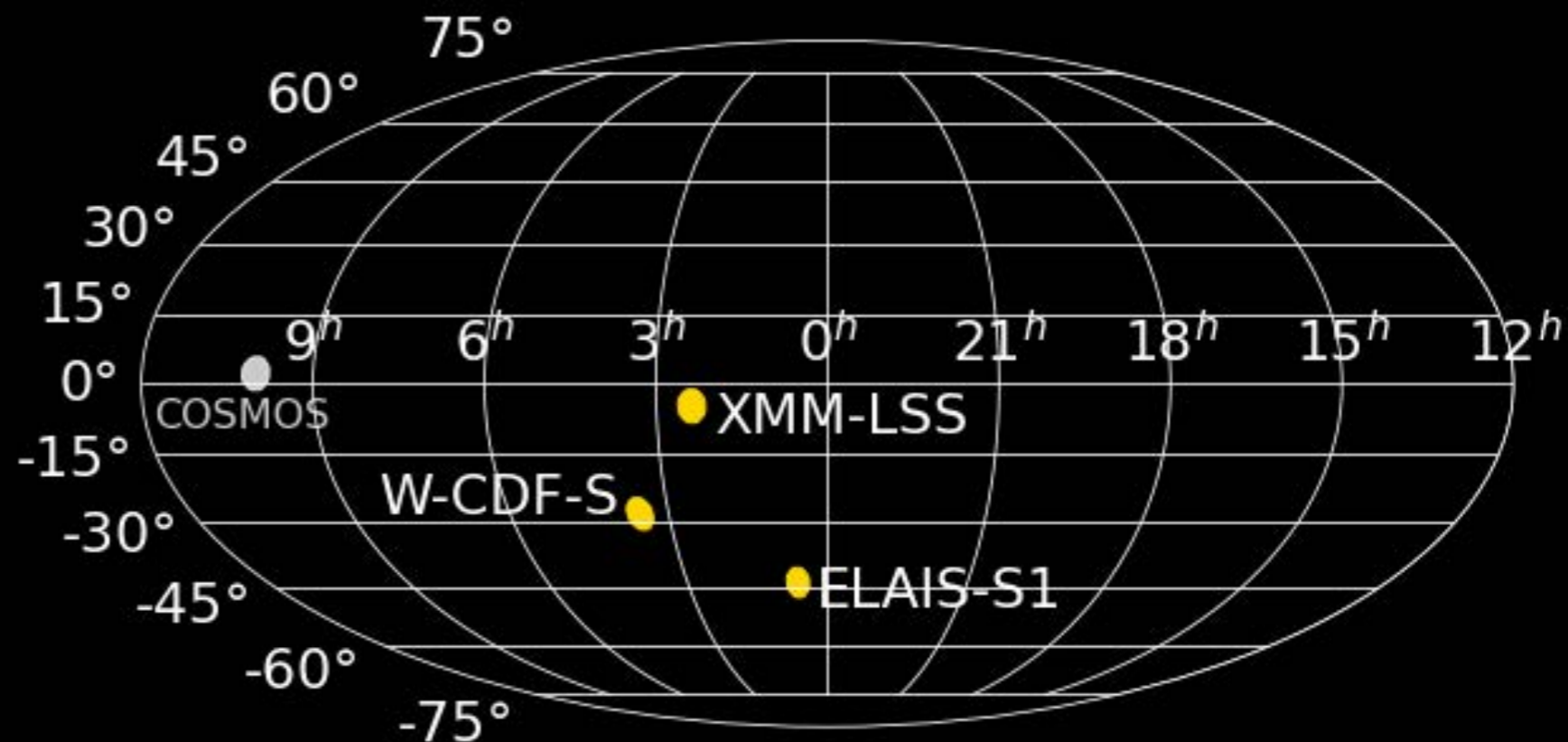


Credit: Rubin Obs/NSF/AURA

Operation starts in ~2023

LSST is a ten-year survey to be conducted by the Rubin Observatory that will cover all of the southern sky

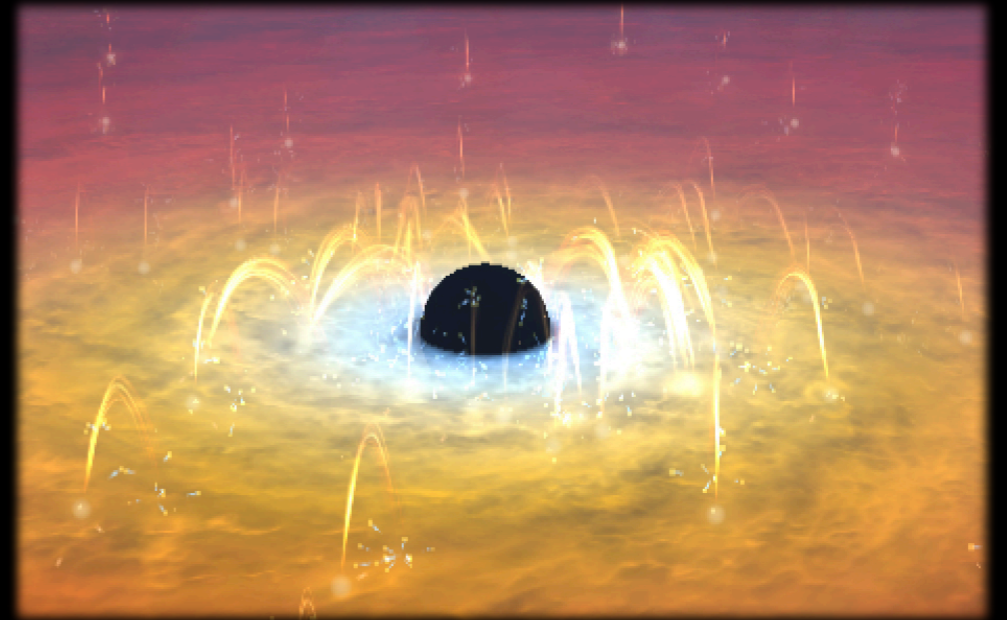
Deep-Drilling Fields: selected ~10 deg² fields where substantially more Rubin observations will be obtained



The XMM-SERVS survey provides ~12000 X-ray sources including growing black holes and clusters

XMM-Newton cutout in W-CDF-S ($\approx 0.4 \text{ deg}^2$)

Active Galactic Nucleus (AGN):
growing supermassive black hole



Population data about growing supermassive black holes to better understand their physical properties and evolution

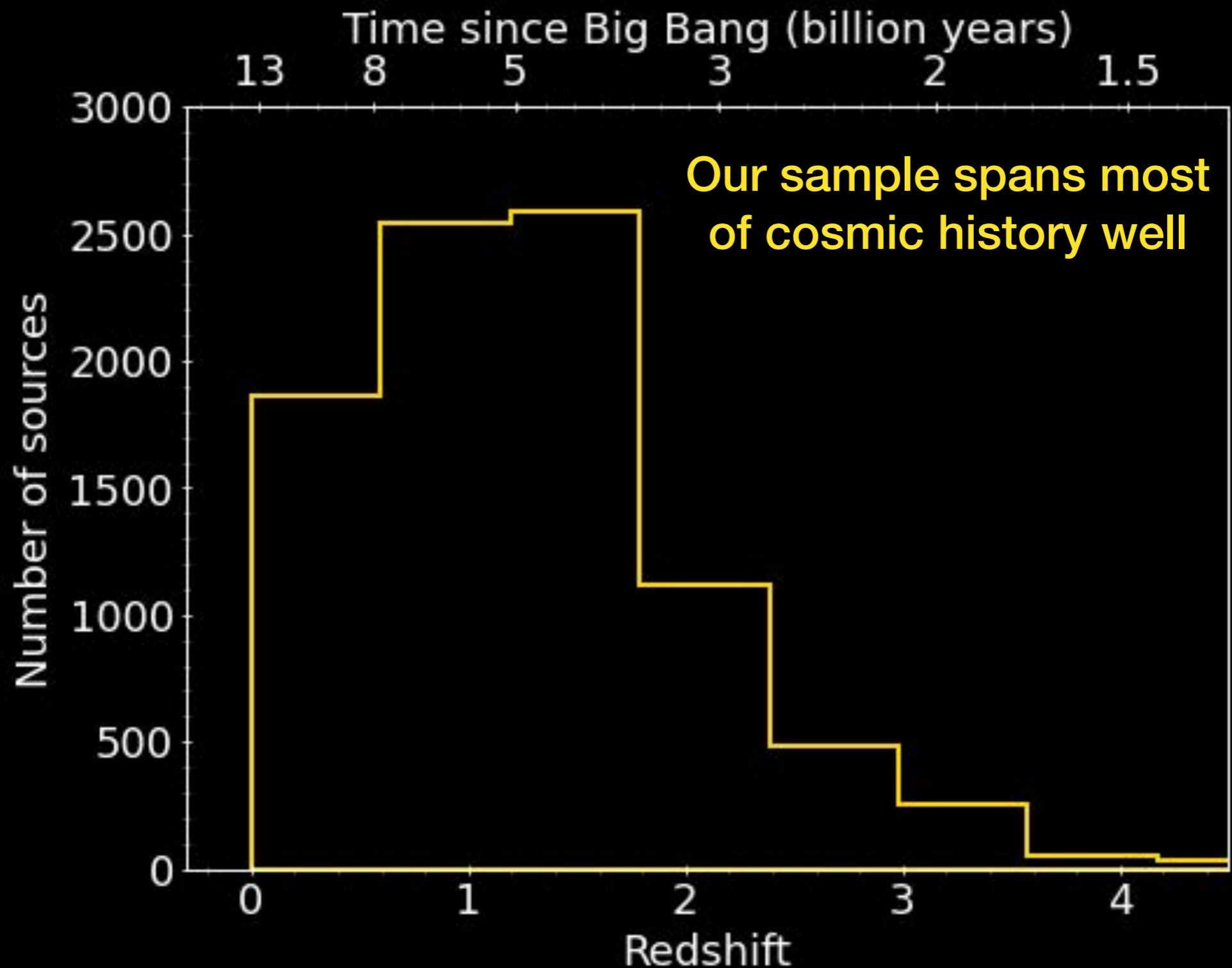
X-ray cluster

Redshifts of the detected X-ray sources

~90% of X-ray sources detected have counterparts at other wavelengths



redshift



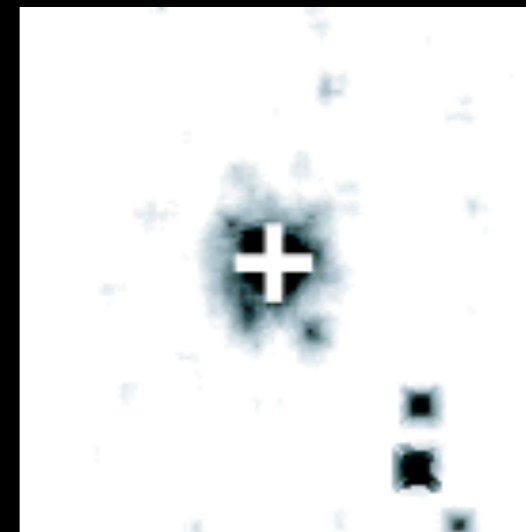
The great legacy value of the XMM-SERVS survey in the next decade

Helping AGN selection in LSST

Obscured AGN in the optical



Obscured AGN in the X-ray

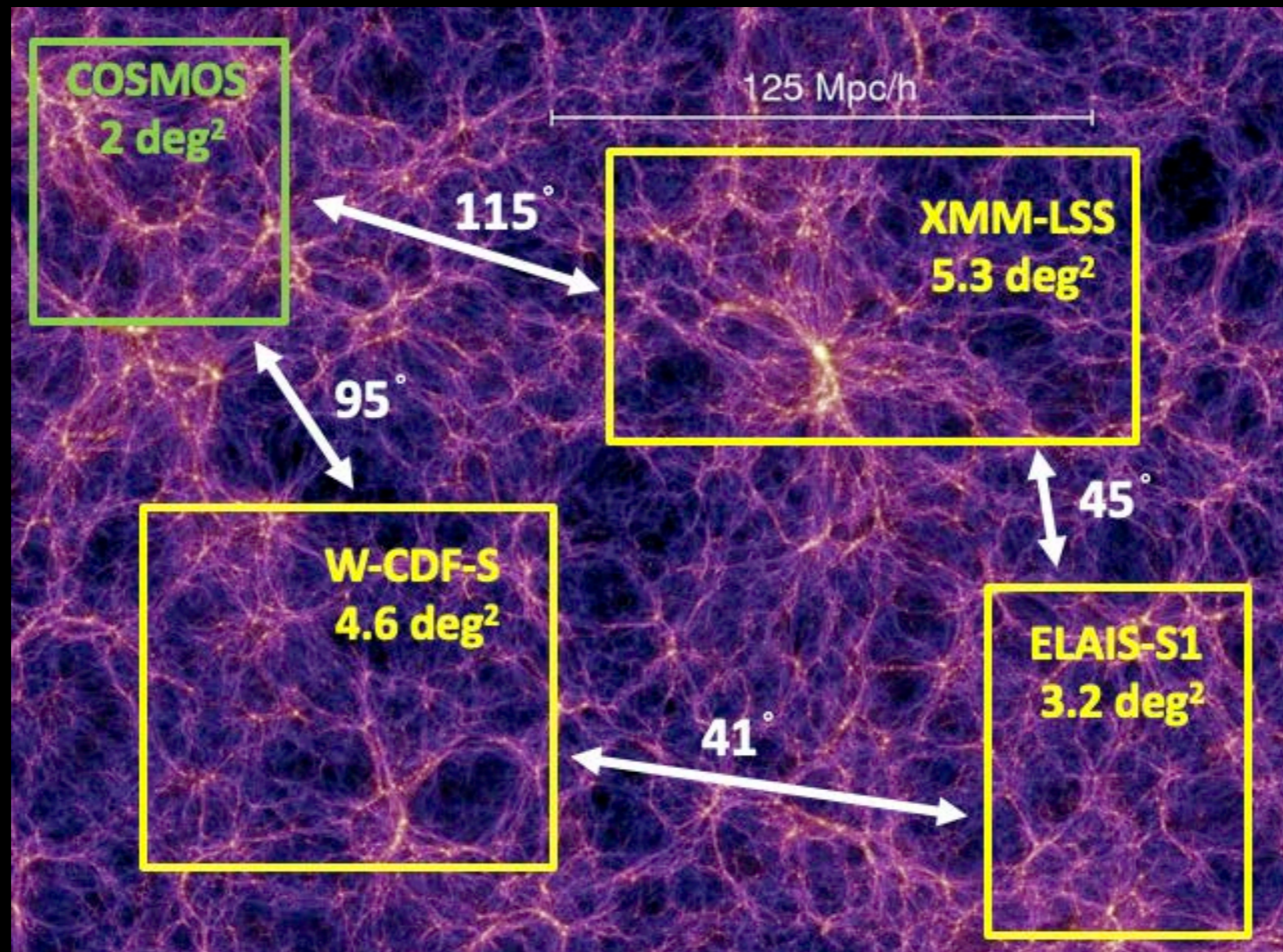


XMM-SERVS: providing a “ground truth” sample of AGNs

Helping LSST find tens of millions of AGNs across the southern sky!

The great legacy value of the XMM-SERVS survey in the next decade

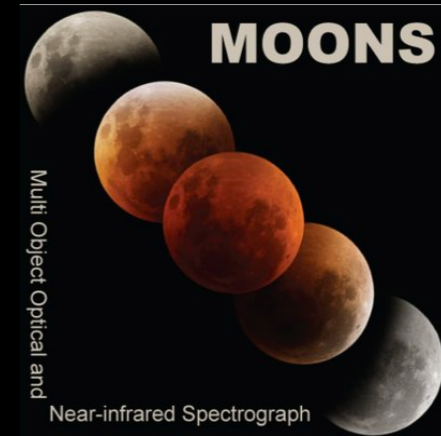
Studying supermassive black-hole growth across the full range of cosmic environments



Density field at $z = 1.4$. Credit: the Millennium Simulation Project

The great legacy value of the XMM-SERVS survey in the next decade

Powerful new spectroscopic surveys



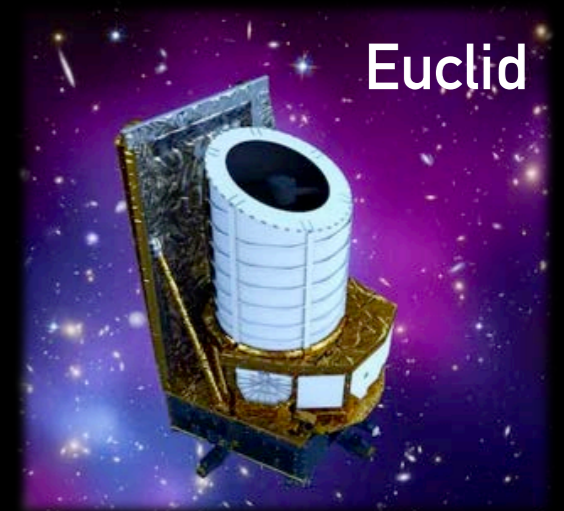
Radio



Submillimeter



Infrared



Thanks!